



QUALITY AIRCRAFT SINCE 1948

TECNAM



Pilot's Operating Handbook

1st Edition 05th September 2014 - Rev. 0

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MANUFACTURER: *Costruzioni Aeronautiche* **TECNAM** S.r.l.

Via Maiorise - 81043 Capua (CE) - Italy

AIRCRAFT MODEL: ***Tecnam Astor***

ENGINE: ***ROTAX 914 UL***

SERIAL NUMBER:

BUILD YEAR:

AIRPLANE REGISTRATION NUMBER:

This Manual must be carried in the airplane at all times.

The airplane has to be operated in compliance with procedures and limitations contained herein.



Record of revisions

Any revision to the present Manual, except actual weighing data, is recorded: a Record of Revisions is provided at the front of this manual and the operator is advised to make sure that the record is kept up-to-date.

The Manual issue is identified by Edition and Revision codes reported on each page, higher right side.

The revision code is numerical and consists of the number "0"; subsequent revisions are identified by the change of the code from "0" to "1" for the first revision to the basic publication, "2" for the second one, etc.

Should be necessary to completely reissue a publication for contents and format changes, the Edition code will change to the next number ("2" for the second edition, "3" for the third edition etc).

Additions, deletions and revisions to existing text will be identified by a revision bar (black line) in the left-hand margin of the page, adjacent to the change.

When technical changes cause expansion or deletion of text which results in unchanged text appearing on a different page, a revision bar will be placed in the right-hand margin adjacent to the page number of all affected pages providing no other revision bar appears on the page.

These pages will be updated to the current regular revision date.

NOTE: It is the responsibility of the owner to maintain this handbook in a current status when it is being used for operational purposes.



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Rev	Revised page	Description of Revision
0	-	First issue



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List of effective pages

The List of Effective Pages (LOEP), applicable to manuals of every operator, lists all the basic AFM pages: each manual could contain either basic pages or one variant of these pages when the pages of some Supplements are embodied.

Pages affected by the current revision are indicated by an asterisk (*) following the revision code.

1st Edition, Rev 0 September, 05th 2014

Section	Pages	Revision
Section 1	Pages 1 thru 23	Rev 0
Section 2	Pages 1 thru 7	Rev 0
Section 3	Pages 1 thru 21	Rev 0
Section 4	Pages 1 thru 19	Rev 0
Section 5	Pages 1 thru 15	Rev 0
Section 6	Pages 1 thru 15	Rev 0
Section 7	Pages 1 thru 9	Rev 0
Section 8	Pages 1 thru 11	Rev 0
Supplements [Section 9]		
Supplements LOEP: make reference to the Supplements Cover Pages		
Section 10	Pages 1 thru 16	Rev 0



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Sections List

According with the applicable ASTM, this manual is composed by the following sections:

General Information	Section 1
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Emergency Procedures	Section 3
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Weight and Balance, Equipment List	Section 6
Airframe and Systems description	Section 7
Handling and Servicing	Section 8
Supplements	Section 9
Marking and Placards	Section 10



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Introduction

The Tecnam Astore is a low wing, two-place, single-engine airplane equipped with tricycle landing gear. It is made entirely in metal with fairings and upper radome in carbon/glass fibers with epoxy matrix. Astore is designed to be flown by sport pilot rated pilots as well as higher rated pilots (refer to the latest requirements in terms of licenses and medical clearance).

This aircraft is designed and built in Italy at Tecnam plant in Capua.



www.tecnam.com

This Flight Manual has been prepared in compliance with all the applicable ASTM standards to provide pilots and instructors with information for the safe and efficient operation of this aircraft.



Applicable standards

The following shows the standards used to design and build the aircraft. Also, the reference to the Continued Airworthiness standard used is shown.

Design and Performance	F2245-12d
Required Equipment	F2279-06
Quality Assurance	F2279-06
Production Acceptance Tests	F2279-06
Aircraft Operating Instructions	F2245-12d
Maintenance and Inspection Procedures	F2483-12
Identification and Recording of Major Repairs and Major Alterations	F2483-12
Continued Airworthiness	F2295-06
Required Product Information	F2745-11
Pilot's Operating Handbook (POH)	F2746-12
Airframe Emergency Parachutes*	F2316-12
Standard Practice for Design and Manufacture of Reciprocating Spark Ignition Engines for Light Sport Aircraft	F2339-06
Standard Specification for Design and Testing of Fixed-Pitch or Ground Adjustable Light Sport Aircraft Propellers	F2506-10

*If applicable, see related Supplement

New revision of each standard will be carefully evaluated by Tecnam and, for each case, they could result into the revision of internal reports (so no impact on the manuals revisions) and/or could result into a revision of this POH, AMM and other customer's owned manuals.



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1. Section No. 1 - General Information

Thank you for being a new Tecnam Astore owner! Before your first flight with this aircraft you should carefully read this manual and be aware of all the aircraft aspects, including those regarding its correct maintenance.

Even if, in order to have a fast cross reference with the limitation placards, limitations are highlighted in this document, you should be aware that the correct use of this aircraft needs further information here following described:

NOTE

the complete kit of documentation of installed equipment will be supplied at date of delivery. The following information are essential to be updated constantly concerning new manual editions and continued airworthiness communications.



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- The ENGINE manuals

These manuals are all available on FLYROTAX website in the technical support section. Tecnam strongly recommend to subscribe to the ROTAX mailing list in order to be always updated concerning the latest manuals editions/revisions, and also to be informed immediately when airworthiness affecting documents have been issued. Tecnam recommend to use the same e-mail address used to subscribe all the aircraft-related mailing lists.

The direct link to the ROTAX T-Publications page is:



<http://www.flyrotax.com/customer-serviceImpressum/technical-publications.aspx>

Note that all the ROTAX engines suitable for Tecnam Astore aircraft are compliant with the ASTM F2339-06.





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- The avionics documentation

Some version of Tecnam Astore is equipped with avionics covered by respective manufacturer's documentation in terms of Operator's Manual. The brands have their own website section with all relevant manuals. Link to these sections are the following (other brands information, if applicable, are covered within the related Supplement):

Garmin	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Avionic suites (EFIS/EMS);• Autopilot;• Radio equipment;• Transponder;• Audio Panels;• GPS;	 http://www.garmin.com/en-US/explore/intheair/
Dynon	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Avionic suites (EFIS/EMS);• Autopilot;• Engine Monitoring;• Radio equipment;• Transponder;	 http://www.dynonavionics.com/index.html




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- The propeller documentation

The Astore can be equipped with three types of propellers, two ground-adjustable and one wooden made-fabric covered (standard equipment). All of three are built in USA by Sensenich. Following the P/N and factory details to the web service page.

3B0R5R68C	Three blades - ground adjustable propeller with 68" diameter	 http://www.sensenich.com/support/documents
2A0R5R70EN	Two blades - ground adjustable propeller with 70" diameter	
W68T2ET-70J	Two blades wood propeller with glass fiber wrap and 68" diameter	



- Tecnam Aircraft Continued Airworthiness instructions

These instructions need the registration to the mailing list Tecnam. Tecnam website is provided with a LOG IN section in which all the latest manuals revisions are available and so all the safety information, which are automatically sent also by e-mail. The following is the link to the NEW ACCOUNT registration page:



<http://www.tecnam.com/Register-User.aspx>

If you have already an user name and password, you can link directly to the LOGIN page to access the Manuals:



<http://www.tecnam.com/Login.aspx>

The links for the Tecnam support page and Service Bulletin page are following reported:



<http://tecnam.com/Customer-Care/Support.aspx>



<http://tecnam.com/Customer-Care/Service-Bulletins.aspx>



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1.1. Airplane description

The Tecnam Astore is a low wing, two-place, single-engine airplane equipped with tricycle landing gear. It is made entirely in metal with fairings and upper radome in carbon/glass fiber with epoxy matrix. The main landing gear is made by a couple of 7075T6 light alloy springs which are hinged inside the fuselage in order to maximize the wheel deflection and energy absorption. The springs are supported by machined components which discharge the load directly on the wing carry through and rear bulkhead. Two rawhide liners are inserted between each spring-leaf and the external machined beam. Two bolts secure the individual spring-leaf to the edge of the beam via a light alloy clamp while a single bolt secures the inboard end of the leaf-spring to the hinge and inner machined beam. The nose gear is pivoting and the energy absorption is made via an oleo-pneumatic shock absorber. It is fitted directly on the first fuselage bulkhead.

The horizontal tail is made by a stabilizer and elevator with tip balancing horns. All the control surfaces, except for the flaps and trim tab, are balanced.

In order to read more about the airframe and systems refer to the Section No.7.

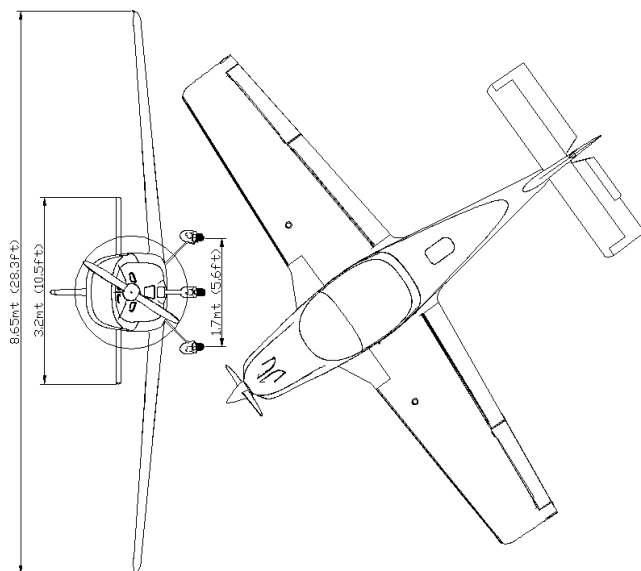
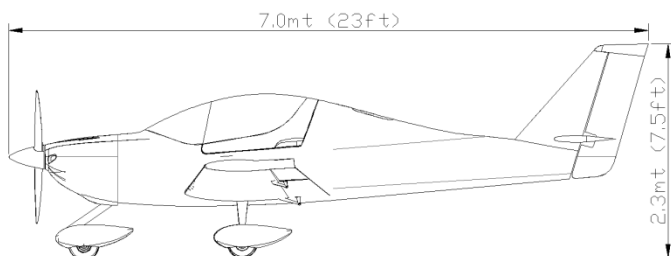


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1.2. Views and dimensions

Following the three views of the aircraft with most relevant dimensions.





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1.3. Data and Characteristics

1.3.1. Dimensions and areas

Wing Span	28.4 ft	8.65 mt
Wing Area	131 ft ²	12.15 mt ²
Aspect Ratio	6.2	
Overall length	23.0 ft	7.0 mt
Overall width (cabin)	45.3 in	1.15 mt
Overall height	7.5 ft	2.3 mt
Stabilator span	10.5 ft	3.2 mt
Stabilator area	24.0 ft ²	2.23 mt ²
Vertical tail area	11.5 ft ²	1.07 mt ²
Wheel track	5.6 ft	1.7 mt
Wheel base	5.6 ft	1.7 mt
Main gear tire	5.00-5 Air Trac or Goodyear	
Nose Gear tire	5.00-5 Air Trac or Goodyear	
Wheels and brakes	Marc-Ingegno or Cleveland	



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1.3.2. Weights and capacities

MTOW	1320 lb	599 kg
Ramp Weight	1324 lb	601 kg
Maximum allowed empty weight (100 hp Rotax 912iS2)	892 lb	405 kg
Maximum allowed empty weight (115 hp Rotax 914)	885 lb	402 kg
Maximum allowed baggage weight	77 lb	35 kg
Total usable fuel	2x14.4 US Gal	2x54.5 lt

1.3.3. Performances

Top speed (S.L. - IAS)	128kt	237km/h
Stall speed (S.L. - IAS) - clean	35kt	65km/h
Stall speed (S.L. - IAS) - T/O	34kt	63km/h
Stall speed (S.L. - IAS) - LDG	32kt	59km/h
Full fuel endurance (+30' res.) Engine rpm: 5.100 Cruise speed (TAS): 115kt Pressure Altitude: 6.000ft	5h:05'	
Rate of Climb (V_x - IAS)	59kt	109km/h
Rate of Climb (V_y - IAS)	67kt	124km/h



1.3.4. Engine type

This manual refer to the engine type ROTAX 914 UL2, as per the cover page. Anyway, two alternative engines can be installed and their respective manuals managed via dedicated POH. The allowed engines are:

ROTAX	ROTAX	ROTAX
912ULS2*	912iS2	914UL2**

* basic aircraft configuration

** this POH equipment

1.3.5. Propeller type

This manual refer to the propeller type Sensenich 3B0R5R68C. Anyway, alternative propellers can be installed and their respective manuals managed via POH Supplements. Three alternative propellers will not need a POH Supplement as the resulting performances and weighing and balancing are negligible:

SENSENICH	SENSENICH	GT-Tonini
2A0R5R70EN	W68T2ET-70J	GT-2/173/VRR-FW101
2 blades - ground adj	2 blades - fix pitch	2 blades - fix pitch



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1.3.6. Fuel

Following the list of approved fuel to be operated with Rotax 912ULS2, 912iS2 and 914UL2.

CAUTION

Refer and familiarize with the latest approved ROTAX manuals in order to have a continue check of approved fuels.

This list is based on ROTAX SI-912-016R6

Usage / Description					
	912 A / F / UL Min. RON 90 (min. AKI* 87)	912 S / ULS - 914 F / UL Min. RON 95 (min. AKI 91)	912 iSc / iS Min. RON 95 (min. AKI 91)		
MOGAS	EN 228 Normal				
	EN 228 Super	EN 228 Super	EN 228 Super		
	EN 228 Super plus	EN 228 Super plus	EN 228 Super plus		
Canadian standard	CAN/CGSB-3.5 Qualité 1	CAN/CGSB-3.5 Qualité 3			
Russian standard	R 51105-97	R 51866-2002	R 51105-97	R 51866-2002	
	Regular-91/92	Regular Euro-92			
	Premium-95	Premium Euro-95	Premium-95	Premium Euro-95	
	Super-98	Super Euro-98	Super-98	Super Euro-98	
US standard	ASTM D4814	ASTM D4814			
Ukrainian standard	DSTU 4839-2007	DSTU 4839-2007	DSTU 4839-2007		
	A-92-Euro				
	A-95-Euro	A-95-Euro	A-95-Euro		
	A-98-Euro	A-98-Euro	A-98-Euro		
AVGAS					
leaded	AVGAS 100 LL ASTM D910	AVGAS 100 LL ASTM D910	AVGAS 100 LL ASTM D910		
unleaded	UL91 ASTM D7547	UL91 ASTM D7547			
released brand-name ¹⁾					
	HJELMCO AVGAS 91/96 UL	HJELMCO AVGAS 91/96 UL			
	HJELMCO AVGAS 91/98 UL	HJELMCO AVGAS 91/98 UL			

¹⁾ unleaded, mainly available in the Scandinavian area

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* Anti-Knock Index, (RON+MON)/2



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The Tecnam Astore is equipped with two leading edge tanks while the entire fuel line is located below the cabin floor.

Following the capacity of each tank is shown:

Total fuel capacity (both tanks):	29US Gal	(110lt)
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Total Usable	28.8US Gal	(109lt)
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1.3.7. Oil

The oil specification to be used on Rotax engines are within the latest applicable revisions of Operator's Manual.

CAUTION

Refer and familiarize with the latest approved ROTAX manuals in order to have a continue check of approved fuels.

This list is based on ROTAX SI-912-016R6

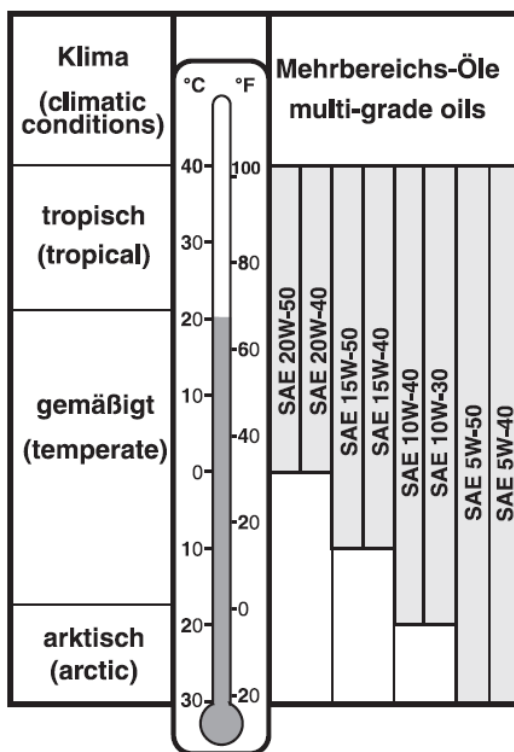
The maximum oil consumption is 0.016USGal/hr 0.06l/hr while the table of allowed lubricants is following reported. This oil consumption is always enough to perform a maximum endurance flight as the difference between the maximum and minimum oil level, at maximum hourly consumption, will need 8.3 hours to be consumed.

The oil tank capacity is 0.8US Gal (3.0lt) without the oil line, so without radiator, engine and hoses.



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1.3.8. **WARNING - CAUTION - NOTE**

The following definitions apply to warnings, cautions and notes used in this Pilot's Operating Handbook

WARNING

Means that the non-observation of the corresponding procedure leads to an immediate or important degradation of the flight safety

CAUTION

Means that the non-observation of the corresponding procedure leads to a minor or to a more or less long-term degradation of the flight safety

NOTE

Draws the attention to any special item not directly related to safety but which is important or unusual



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2. Section No. 2 - Limitations

2.1. Airspeed Indicator

The ASI (Air Speed Indicator) shows the airspeed in IAS (Indicated Air Speed). The correlation between the IAS and CAS (Calibrated Air Speed) is given in the Section 5 - Performances.

Following the table of ASI markings is shown.

Arc Color	Lwr Limit IAS	Upper Limit IAS	Remarks
White	$V_{s0} = 32$	$V_{FE} = 68$	Flap Operating Range
Green	$V_{s1} = 35$	$V_{NO} = 115$	Normal Operating Range
Yellow	$V_{NO} = 115$	$V_{NE} = 150$	Caution Range*
Red	$V_{NE} = 150$		Never Exceed Speed (red line)

*Speeds above V_{NO} and up to V_{NE} can be reached and flown only in calm and smooth air. Flights into gusts conditions above V_{NO} should be performed carefully.

Maneuvering Speed (V_A) is 97 KIAS



2.2. Stall Speeds

The following table shows the stalling speeds at MTOW. The three flap position are shown in the table. Approach to stall is executed with engine idle and speed decrease 1kt/sec while the CoG is in its full fwd position.

STALL SPEED TABLE							
Weight	Bank	Flaps 0°		Flaps T/O		Flaps LND	
[kg/lb]	[deg]	KIAS	KCAS	KIAS	KCAS	KIAS	KCAS
599/1320 [FWD CoG]	0	35	44	34	43	32	38
	15	36	46	35	44	32	39
	30	39	49	38	46	35	41
	45	45	54	44	51	40	46
	60	58	64	55	61	50	54

2.3. Ceiling

Maximum Service Ceiling is 15.500ft (residual rate of climb 100 ft/min).

2.4. Load Factors

Clean configuration positive/negative load factors: **+4 / -2**

T/O and LND flap load factors: **+2 / 0**



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2.5. **Approved maneuvers**

This aircraft is intended for non-aerobatic and VFR operation only.
Non-aerobatic operation includes:

- Any maneuver pertaining to "normal" flight
- Stalls (except whip stalls)
- Lazy eights
- Chandelles
- Turns with maximum angle of bank of 60°

WARNING

Max entry speed for all these maneuvers is the V_A

WARNING

Flight into expected and/or known icing conditions is **prohibited**

IFR flight is **prohibited**

Aerobatic flight is **prohibited**

Intentional spins **not allowed**

WARNING

Limit load factor could be exceeded by moving the flight controls abruptly to full control deflection at a speed above V_A
(Maneuvering Speed)



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2.6. Powerplant limitations

This section refers to the 914 UL limitations and related markings. Refer to the dedicated POH if your aircraft is equipped with different engine (912 ULS or 912iS).

2.6.1. Power Output

	Max Power kW (hp)	Max rpm. rpm prop.(engine)	Time max. (min)
Max.	84.5 (115)	2386 (5800)	5
Max cont.	73.5 (98.5)	2263 (5500)	-



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2.6.2. Temperature/Pressure limits

Following, with reference to the current version of ROTAX 914 UL operator's manual, the table with the temperature and pressure limits.

ITEM	value	value	Remarks
Max. coolant temperature	120°C	248°F	
Max. CHT	135°C	275°F	
MIN oil temperature	50°C	120°F	
MAX oil temperature	130°C	266°F	
Normal oil temp. range	90-110°C	190-230°F	
MIN oil pressure	0.8bar	12psi	Rpm < 3.500
Normal oil pressure range	2.0-5.0bar	29-73psi	Rpm > 3.500
MAX oil pressure	7.0bar	102psi	Short period at cold start
MIN temperature at start	-20°C	-13°F	Oil temp.
MAX OAT at start	50°C	120°F	On ground
MAX OAT at start	60°C	140°F	In flight
MIN fuel pressure (Airbox Pressure + Value)	Airbox Pressure + 0.15bar	Airbox Pressure + 2.18psi	



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MAX fuel pressure (Airbox Pressure + Value)	Airbox Pressure + 0.35bar	Airbox Pressure + 5.08psi	
NORMAL fuel pressure (Airbox Pressure + Value)	Airbox Pressure + 0.25bar	Airbox Pressure + 3.63psi	
MAX EGT	950°C	1742°F	
Acceleration	max -0.5g max 5sec.		

NOTE

Tecnam strongly recommend to be always updated concerning the latest manuals editions/revisions.

The direct link to the ROTAX T-Publications page is:



<http://www.rotax-owner.com/en/support-topmenu/engine-manuals>

2.7. Weights

MTOW	1320 lb	599 kg
Ramp Weight	1324 lb	601 kg
Maximum allowed baggage weight	77 lb	35 kg



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2.8. Center of Gravity

FWD Limit	19% MAC 1.86mt [73.3in]	All weights
AFT Limit	32% MAC 2.04mt [80.3in]	All weights
Datum	engine flange without spacer (See sect.6) or MAC leading edge (See sect.6)	
Level plane	Baggage compartment floor (both planes)	

2.9. Pilot's seat

The PIC (Pilot In Command) can seat either on Left or Right seat as all flight controls can be easily reached.

NOTE

If two pilots are flying together, the PIC is the pilot seating on the Left

NOTE

The flight instructor seats on the Right



3. Section No. 3 - Emergency Procedures

3.1. Introduction

This Section 3 includes checklists and procedures to be used in the event of emergencies. Emergencies caused by a malfunction of the aircraft or engine is extremely rare if appropriate maintenance and pre-flight inspections are carried out.

In case of emergency, suggestions of the present section should be considered and applied as necessary to correct the problem.

Before operating the aircraft, the pilot should be familiar with the present manual and so with the present section. Further, a continued and appropriate training program should be provided to be always able to manage simulated emergencies.

In case of emergency the pilot should act as follows:

- Keep control of the airplane
- Analyze the situation
- Apply the pertinent procedure
- Inform the Air Traffic Control if time and conditions allow

AIRSPEEDS FOR EMERGENCY SITUATIONS - KIAS	
Engine failure after takeoff (T/O flaps)	67 Knots
Engine failure during flight	71 Knots
Manoeuvring speed	97 Knots
Maximum glide	71 Knots

Standard safety equipment, even if not part of Minimum Equipment List, includes a **Fire Extinguisher** and **Hammer**.



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3.2. Emergency frequencies and codes

First radio ALERT MESSAGE to the FREQUENCY in use

Radio EMERGENCY FREQ. = **121.50** Mhz

Transponder CODE = **7700**

NOTE

If your aircraft is equipped with ELT, refer to the related POH Supplement in the Section 9



3.3. Emergency Checklists

3.3.1. Engine fire ON GROUND

Throttle	IDLE
Fuel Pump	OFF
Fuel Valve	OFF
Cabin heat	OFF
Parking brake	APPLY
Master switch & key	OFF
Fire extinguisher	IF POSSIBLE GRAB IT
Emergency EXIT	ESCAPE FROM THE A/C

3.3.2. Engine fire DURING TAKE OFF

<u>BEFORE ROTATION: ABORT TAKE OFF</u>	
Throttle Lever	IDLE
Rudder	Keep heading control
Brakes	As required
<u>With Aircraft Under Control</u>	
Fuel Pump	OFF
Ignition Key	OFF
Fuel Selector	OFF
Cabin Heat	OFF
Master & Generator Switches	OFF
Parking Brake	ENGAGED
Fire extinguisher	IF POSSIBLE GRAB IT
Emergency EXIT	ESCAPE FROM THE A/C



3.3.3. Engine fire IN FLIGHT

Throttle	IDLE
Fuel Pump	OFF
Ignition Key	OFF
Cabin heat	OFF
Fuel Valve	OFF
Cabin vents	OPEN
communicate the emergency to the ATC	
Master & Generator Switches	OFF
Forced Landing	APPLY CHECKLIST

WARNING

Do not attempt an in-flight engine restart

3.3.4. Cabin fire IN FLIGHT

Cabin heat	OFF
Cabin vents	OPEN
communicate the emergency to the ATC	
Master switch & key	OFF
Fire extinguisher	SPRAY TO THE FLAME BASE
Forced Landing	APPLY CHECKLIST

WARNING

If the MASTER SWITCH is set to OFF, consider that flaps extension and pitch trim operation would be not possible.



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3.3.5. Cabin fire ON GROUND

Generator Switch	OFF
Throttle Lever	IDLE
Ignition Key	OFF
Fuel Selector	OFF
Master Switch	OFF
Emergency EXIT	ESCAPE FROM THE A/C

3.3.6. Engine failure DURING TAKE OFF

Throttle	IDLE
Brakes	APPLY
Fuel Pump	OFF
when the aircraft is under control	
Fuel Valve	OFF
Master switch & key	OFF
Parking brake	APPLY
Emergency EXIT	ESCAPE FROM THE A/C



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3.3.7. **Engine failure IMMEDIATELY AFTER TAKE OFF**

Airspeed	67 KIAS
Throttle	IDLE
Fuel Pump	OFF
Fuel Valve	OFF
Flaps	LANDING
Landing area	NO MORE OF $\pm 45^\circ$ (LEFT OR RIGHT AHEAD)
Forced Landing	APPLY CHECKLIST
Just before touch down	
Canopy	UNLATCH CENTRAL*

3.3.8. **Engine failure IN FLIGHT (RESTART)**

Airspeed	71 KIAS
Throttle	~75%
Fuel Pump	ON
Fuel Valve	CHANGE TANK
Carb Heat	ON
Key	START
If the engine does not restart	
Forced Landing	APPLY CHECKLIST



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3.3.9. **POWER-OFF** Forced landing

Airspeed	71 KIAS
Throttle	IDLE
Fuel Pump	OFF
Fuel Valve	OFF
Safety Belts	TIGHT
CANOPY LATCHES	UNLOCK LH & RH
Once a safe landing area has been located	
Communication with ATC	ESTABLISH
Flaps	AS NEEDED
Touchdown Speed	41 KIAS
Just immediately before touchdown	
CANOPY LATCHES	UNLOCK CENTRAL*

*The canopy has been designed in order to avoid hitting the passengers heads when opened. Before normal take-off, check if your and your passenger's heads are clear from the canopy track.



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3.3.10. **POWER-ON** Forced landing

Airspeed	71 KIAS
Throttle	AS NEEDED
Safety Belts	TIGHT
CANOPY LATCHES	UNLOCK LH & RH
Once a safe landing area has been located	
Communication with ATC	ESTABLISH
Flaps	AS NEEDED
Touchdown Speed	41 KIAS
Just immediately before touchdown	
CANOPY LATCHES	UNLOCK CENTRAL*
after touchdown	
Throttle	IDLE
Fuel Pump	OFF
Fuel Valve	OFF
Master switch & key	OFF



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3.3.11. Engine OUT GLIDING

Flaps	RETRACTED
Airspeed	71 KIAS
Engine RESTART	PERFORM
Glide ratio is 11.5 therefore with 1000 ft of altitude, it is possible to cover ~1.9 nautical miles in zero wind conditions	

3.3.12. FLAT NLG TIRE landing

Pre-landing checklist	COMPLETE
Once landed maintain aircraft NOSE HIGH attitude as long as possible	

3.3.13. FLAT MLG TIRE landing

Pre-landing checklist	COMPLETE
Align the a/c on the opposite side of runway in respect of the defective tire side to compensate for change in direction, which is to be expected during final rolling. Touchdown with the GOOD TIRE FIRST and hold aircraft with the flat tire off the ground as long as possible unless crosswind component does not avoid this	



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3.3.14. Loss of OIL PRESSURE - IN FLIGHT

Throttle	AS MIN. AS POSSIBLE
Land as soon as practical	

NOTE

Check oil system and register the event in the engine logbook indicating duration and pressure reached. Carry out unscheduled maintenance check according to the ROTAX AMM.

3.3.15. Loss of OIL PRESSURE - ON GROUND

Throttle	IDLE
Fuel Pump	OFF
Fuel Valve	OFF
Master switch & key	OFF
Parking Brake	APPLY

NOTE

Check oil quantity in the tank, Check the oil quality. Register the event in the engine logbook indicating duration and pressure reached. Carry out unscheduled maintenance check according to the ROTAX AMM.



3.3.16. OIL PRESS. ABOVE LIMIT (low OAT)

Throttle	DECREASE
Airspeed	DECREASE
If possible perform a climb in order to allow oil temperature to increase and consequently oil press decrease	
Oil temp	CHECK if RAISE
If oil temp. raises while the oil press. does not change, a fault in the indicating instrument is likely	
Land as soon as practical	

NOTE

Register the event in the engine logbook indicating duration and pressure reached. Carry out unscheduled maintenance check according to the ROTAX AMM



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3.3.17. Exceeding oil temperature

Throttle	DECREASE
Airspeed	DECREASE
If possible perform a climb in order to allow oil temperature to increase and consequently oil pressure decrease	
Oil temp	CHECK if DECREASES
Land as soon as practical	

NOTE

Register the event in the engine logbook indicating duration and pressure reached. Carry out unscheduled maintenance check according to the ROTAX AMM.

3.3.18. Exceeding coolant temperature

Throttle	DECREASE
Land as soon as practical	

NOTE

Register the event in the engine logbook indicating duration and pressure reached. Carry out unscheduled maintenance check according to the ROTAX AMM.



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3.3.19. Exceeding fuel pressure

Throttle	AS MIN. AS POSSIBLE
If Fuel Press is too high	FUEL PUMP OFF
Land as soon as possible	
Master Switch	OFF

NOTE

Register the event in the engine logbook indicating duration and pressure reached. Carry out unscheduled maintenance check according to the ROTAX AMM.

3.3.20. Sprag clutch dec. failure

Engine	IMMEDIATELY SHUT DOWN
Throttle	IDLE
Master Switch	OFF
Master key	OFF

NOTE

Register the event in the engine logbook. Carry out unscheduled maintenance check according to the ROTAX AMM.



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3.3.21. Inadvertent SPIN

NOTE

The first letter in each of the four primary recovery inputs spells out the acronym, **PARE**. The **PARE** format mimics the most docile spin configuration possible, affording the greatest response to recovery inputs. Errant control inputs that may aggravate the spin are avoided in the process. As a mental checklist, it forces you to focus on the appropriate recovery actions. Calling each item out loud also tends to reinforce the physical inputs.

P ower	IDLE
A ilerons	NEUTRAL
R udder	FULL OPPOSITE ROTAT.
E levator	THROUGH NEUTRAL
HOLD THESE INPUTS UNTIL ROTATION STOPS THEN	
Rudder	NEUTRAL
Elevator	RECOVER



3.3.22. Inadvertent ICING encounter

WARNING

Immediately get away from icing conditions considering a suitable path to return to the last non-icing area (in some cases could be a climb with full throttle).

Carb Heat (if present)	ON
Pitot Heat (if present)	ON
Throttle	INCREASE
Cabin heat	ON
Landing	PERFORM with FLAPS 0°
Approach and touch down	INCREASED AIRSPEED NECESSARY

CAUTION

In case of high ice accretion on wing leading edge, stall speed may increase.

WARNING

If your Astore is not equipped with heated pitot and ASI fails, you can carefully use the Ground Speed indication from the GPS in order to have further information on your actual speed. Try to compare the GS with the wind speed asking ATC or finding some chimney.



3.3.23. Alternator failure

Refer to the Section 7 - Description of Airplane and Systems in order to read more about the Tecnam Astore Standard electrical system and scheme.

NOTE

Generator's failure can be recognized by the VoltMeter located into the D-10 EMS. Alternator is failed if the indicated Volt is below 12V with engine running.



Alternator (GEN) switch	CHECK ON
If alt. switch is ON and the Volt is still <12	
Fuel Level	CHECK for LAST TIME
Flap	SET
ATC communications	ESTABLISH
Master switch	OFF
Land as soon as practical	



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When Master is OFF, the engine will continue running. The need to switch everything OFF is related with the possibility to perform at least one in-flight engine restart if needed without having the battery charge going down.

CAUTION

As soon as the master switch is turned OFF, all the engine indications from EMS will be OFF as well. Write the last fuel indication time in order to estimate the residual endurance before switching master OFF. Then, perform the rest of flight at speeds below 100KIAS in order to be sure that 5.500 engine rpm are not exceeded until the landing.

NOTE

Register the event in the engine logbook. Carry out unscheduled maintenance check according to the ROTAX AMM



3.3.24. Overvoltage

Refer to the Section 7 - Description of Airplane and Systems in order to read more about the Tecnam Astore Standard electrical system and scheme.

NOTE

Overvoltage can be recognized by the VoltMeter located into the D-10 EMS. Overvoltage occurs if the indicated Volt is above 15V.



Alternator (GEN) switch	OFF
Battery Breaker (if alt. switch is not present)	PULL OFF
Since this moment, the generator will not charge battery	
Fuel Level	CHECK for LAST TIME
Flap	SET
ATC communications	ESTABLISH
Master	OFF
Land as soon as practical	



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When Master is OFF, the engine will continue running. The need to switch everything OFF is related with the possibility to perform at least one in-flight engine restart if needed without having the battery charge going down.

CAUTION

As soon as the master switch is turned OFF, all the engine indications from EMS will be OFF as well. Write the last fuel indication time in order to estimate the residual endurance before switching master OFF. Then, perform the rest of flight at speeds below 100KIAS in order to be sure that 5.500 engine rpm are not exceeded until the landing.

NOTE

Register the event in the engine logbook. Carry out unscheduled maintenance check according to the ROTAX AMM



3.3.25. TCU BOOST Light

If the red TCU boost lamp illuminates one of the following conditions have happened to the engine:

- Maximum admissible boost pressure exceeded (red lamp will continuously illuminated);

Proceed as follows:

1. Reduce Throttle until RPM and manifold pressure within operating limits

- Full throttle operation exceeds 5' (red lamp will blink)

Proceed as follows:

1. Reduce Throttle until RPM and manifold pressure at least to maximum continuous speed.

NOTE

Register the event in the engine logbook. Carry out unscheduled maintenance check according to the ROTAX AMM



3.3.26. TCU CAUTION Light

3.3.26.1. *SUDDEN DROP OF BOOST PRESSURE AND RPM*

If Amber caution lamp of TCU is blinking proceed as follows:

1. If LOUD NOISE or BANG is heard: a fracture of the turbo is likely
2. Monitor oil pressure
3. LAND as soon as possible

NOTE

Record the event in the aircraft logbook with the duration and exact time of exceeding limits

3.3.26.2. *SUDDEN RISE OF BOOST PRESSURE AND RPM*

If Amber caution lamp of TCU is blinking proceed as follows:

1. Immediately reduce engine speed until boost pressure and rpm are within the limits
2. Limited flight operations as wastegate may be fully closed and control of boost pressure is only possible via throttle lever
3. LAND as soon as practical.

NOTE

Record the event in the aircraft logbook with the duration and exact time of exceeding limits



3.3.26.3. **PERIODICAL RISE&DROP OF BOOST PRESSURE AND RPM**

If Amber caution lamp of TCU is NOT blinking proceed as follows:

1. Switch OFF the servo motor of the engine for a moment (max 5 sec). Then the operation should stabilize
2. If previous step does not stabilize the operations, switch OFF the servo motor completely and keep the engine within the limits using throttle
3. Limited flight operations as boost pressure control is no more possible
4. LAND as soon as practical

NOTE

Register the event in the engine logbook. Carry out unscheduled maintenance check according to the ROTAX AMM

3.3.27. **Engine vibrations**

If:
High level of vibration are encountered
(likely) Vibration are coupled with power loss
FLIGHT LIMITATIONS ARE FORBIDDEN MAINTENANCE CHECK MUST BE PERFORMED



3.3.28. Loss of TRIM control

In the event of (PITCH) TRIM control loss, the pilot should be always able to control the aircraft until the landing. Depending on the last position assumed by the trim tab (shown inside the EMS display), the required action may be different:

3.3.28.1. *NEUTRAL TRIM*

In this case, the aircraft is basically able to continue the flight in all the configurations of speed and flap. No action or special procedure is necessary.

3.3.28.2. *NOSE UP RANGE TRIM*

Having the trim tab unserviceable with the "locked" position within the pitch up range means that the pilot should reduce the speed and actuate the flap in order to increase the comfort.

Pitch trim LOCK in nose up area	RECOGNIZED
Speed	REDUCE as necessary to maximize comfort
Flap	ACTUATE as necessary to maximize comfort
Land as soon as practical	



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3.3.28.3. **NOSE DW RANGE TRIM**

Having the trim tab unserviceable with the "locked" position within the pitch dw range means that the pilot should retract flaps and increase speed. If sufficient runway is available, a flap extension not to FULL position is preferable.

Pitch trim LOCK in nose dw area	RECOGNIZED
Flap	RETRACT
Speed	INCREASE as necessary to maximize comfort
Land as soon as practical with flaps in the most convenient position	

3.3.29. **Loss of ALTITUDE indication**

TECNAM Astore, in the configuration shown in this manual, is allowed to fly only in VMC conditions. For this reason, the loss of altitude indication shall not have hazardous effects on the flight.

Last altitude	CHECK with ATC
Communicate the failure to the ATC and provide the FL from XTR (if installed)	
Alternative source of alt	Use the GPS*
Land as soon as practical	

*This GPS value does not correspond with the barometric one and is evaluated from satellite triangulation.



3.3.30. Loss of AIRSPEED indication

TECNAM Astore, in the configuration shown in this manual, is allowed to fly only in VMC conditions. Despite that, the loss of airspeed indication could have hazardous effects on the safety of flight, especially during the landing and low speed procedures. Tecnam suggests to train about the stall path response of the aircraft in order to have them always easily recognizable. Also, Tecnam provides as standard equipment an iPad with GPS functions. This could help in knowing the speed range always in consideration that the speed will be referenced to the ground.

Communicate the failure to the ATC and ask for chase plane availability or latest wind information on runway	
Autopilot (if installed)	OFF
Alternative source of speed	Use the GPS*
Speed corrections	Use the GPS with ATC wind data provided
Speeds	Try to have a positive margin on the speeds
Land as soon as practical	

*This GPS value correspond with Ground Speed, and does not take into account the wind direction and speed.



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4. Section No. 4 - Normal Procedures

4.1. Introduction

This section provides checklists and procedures for all the normal operations referred to the TECNAM Astore equipped as per this POH Cover page. For different equipments, please refer to the related Supplement.

4.2. Upper cowling opening

In order to perform the engine daily inspections, the upper cowling is provided by two big gull-wing access doors secured by two cam-loc each. In order to open the upper cowling following is the procedure to be used.

Parking brake	ON
Master key	OFF
Cam-locs	UNLOCK (1/4 turn)
Doors	OPEN

4.1. Upper cowling securing

Cam-locs	LOCK (1/4 turn)*
Doors	OPEN

***WARNING**

Butterfly or slot-head Cam-locks are locked when tabs (or slot) are horizontal and open when tabs (or slots) are vertical.



4.2. Pre-Flight Inspections

Before each flight, it is necessary to carry out a complete inspection of the aircraft starting with a cabin inspection followed by an external and engine inspection.

4.2.1. Cabin Inspection

POH	ONBOARD
First aid kit	ONBOARD
Hand fire extinguisher	ONBOARD
Weight and balance	CHECK
Flight controls	CHECK FREEDOM
Baggage (if any)	FASTEN
Parking brake	SET
Friction lock	CHECK
Throttle	IDLE
Master switch	ON
Flap travel	PERFORM FULL
Trim travel	PERFORM FULL
Stall warning (if present)	CHECK
NAV Lights	CHECK
Strobe Lights	CHECK
Landing Light	CHECK
Fuel tank level indication (inside D-10)	CHECK
Master switch	OFF



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CAUTION

Fuel level indicated by the fuel quantity indicators (on the instrument panel) is only indicative. For flight safety, pilot should verify actual fuel quantity visually in tanks before takeoff

4.2.2. External inspections - Walk-around

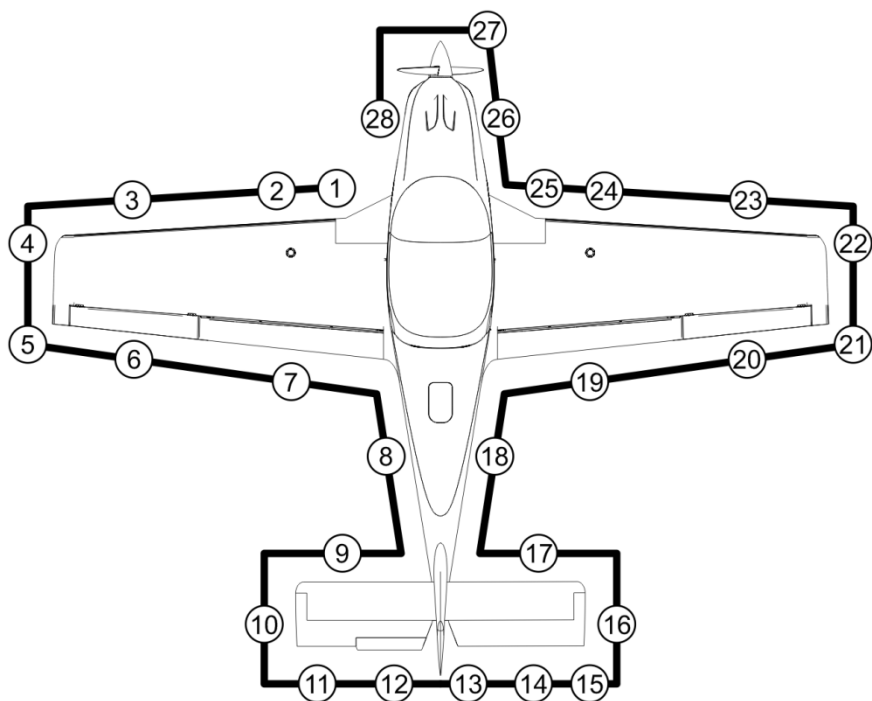
External visual inspection (generally called "check") means that an inspection for any defect, crack, detachments, free play and unsafe or improper installation must be performed. For all the control surfaces visual inspection also involves check for freedom of movement, travel stops and safety of each pin or bolt.

The next image shows the walk around inspections to be carried out before each flight. Each number corresponds to one or more controls to be performed.



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1	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> i. LH wing leading edge ii. LH cabin skin iii. LH main gear fairing iv. LH main gear brake and hose fitting v. LH main gear spring vi. LH tire 	Check Check Check Check Check Check inflation if necessary (40psi)
2	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> i. LH Fuel filler cap ii. LH Inboard leading edge iii. LH Main spar iv. LH tank drain 	Visual fuel level check Check Check rivets Perform drainage
3	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> i. LH Outboard leading edge ii. LH Main spar iii. Pitot/static tube iv. Pitot/static tube 	Check Check Remove cover Check Unobstructed
4	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> i. LH wing tip ii. LH nav/strobe lights 	Check Check
5	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> i. LH Fuel vent 	Check Unobstructed
6	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> i. LH aileron ii. LH rear spar - outboard 	Check Check
7	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> i. LH Flap ii. LH rear spar - inboard 	Check Check
8	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> i. Baggage door ii. Tailcone structure iii. Parachute cover iv. Inspection panel v. Ext. PWR recept. (if any) 	Check Check Check Check Check CLOSED



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9	i. LH Stabilizer fittings ii. LH stabilizer leading edge iii. LH stabilizer structure	Check Check Check
10	i. LH elevator tip ii. LH elevator outboard hinge iii. LH elev. trailing edge	Check Check Check
11	i. LH elevator central hinge ii. LH elevator travel stops	Check Check
12	i. trim tab - gen. conditions ii. trim tab hinge iii. trim tab control plate iv. trim tab control rod v. trim tab actuator cover plate	Check Check Check Check Check
13	i. RH elevator central hinge ii. Stabilizer rear spar fittings iii. Rudder - gen. conditions iv. Rudder hinges v. Rudder fairings vi. Rudder control cables	Check Check Check Check Check Check
14	i. RH elevator tip	Check
15	ii. RH elevator outboard hinge	Check
16	iii. RH elev. trailing edge	Check
17	i. RH Stabilizer fittings ii. RH stabilizer leading edge iii. RH stabilizer structure	Check Check Check
18	i. Tailcone structure	Check
19	i. RH Flap	Check



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	ii.	RH rear spar - inboard	Check rivets
20	i.	RH aileron	Check
	ii.	RH rear spar - outboard	Check rivets
21	i.	RH Fuel vent	Check Unobstructed
22	i.	RH wing tip	Check
	ii.	RH nav/strobe lights	Check
23	i.	RH Outboard leading edge	Check
	ii.	RH Main spar	Check rivets
24	v.	RH Fuel filler cap	Check
	vi.	RH Inboard leading edge	Check
	vii.	RH Main spar	Check rivets
	viii.	RH tank drain	Perform drainage
25	vii.	RH wing leading edge	Check
	viii.	RH cabin skin	Check
	ix.	RH main gear fairing	Check
	x.	RH main gear brake and hose fitting	Check for leaks
	xi.	RH main gear spring	Check
	xii.	Quick drain check	Drain and check for water
	xiii.	RH tire	Check inflation if necessary (40psi)
26	i.	Nose gear strut	Check for leaks
	ii.	Nose gear fairing	Check
	iii.	Nose gear proper friction	Check force*
	iv.	Nose gear wheel and tire	Check inflation if necessary (32psi)
	v.	Nose gear assembly	Check
	vi.	Lower engine cowling fit-	Check



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	vii.	ting Lower cowling leaks	Check for leaks
27	i.	Propeller and spinner	Check (see pag.1-13)
	ii.	Radiators (oil and water)	Check for leaks
28	i.	Upper cowling fittings	Check
	ii.	Upper cowling structure	Check

*The force needed to rotate it when off from the ground must be 5 to 6kg (11 to 13lb) if pulled on the wheel axle direction

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4.2.3. External inspections - Engine

These checklists include the necessary inspections of the engine compartment. It is extremely important that everything recognized as unusual is deeply investigated before going in flight. What possible on ground will be no more in the air!

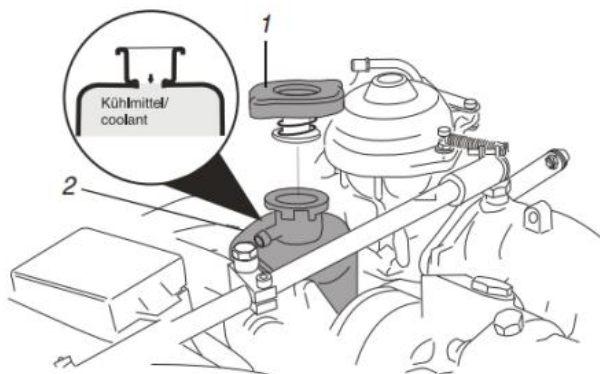
1	Open both LH and RH engine inspection doors		
<div><u>WARNING</u></div> <div>Be sure that Master switch and ignitions key are BOTH OFF</div>			
2	i.	General inspection	Perform
	ii.	Foreign objects	Absent
	iii.	Upper and lower cowlings	Check absence of any leak
3	i.	Coolant radiator conditions	Check (also fittings)
	ii.	Coolant hoses fittings and status	Check
	iii.	Coolant reservoir (overflow)	Check level*
	iv.	Coolant expansion tank	Check level**
4	i.	Propeller hand turn	Check compression
	ii.	Oil tank cap	Remove
	iii.	Prop. hand turn (C.Clockw.)	Rotate until oil breaths
	iv.	Oil tank level	Check (replenish if necess.)
	v.	Oil radiator conditions	Check (also fittings)
	vi.	Oil hoses fittings and status	Check
5	i.	Carburettors conditions	Check
	ii.	Throttle cables	Check grease and freedom
	iii.	Carburettors drain plates	Check
	iv.	Drain hoses	Check
	v.	Carb air filters (or airbox)	Check for secure fastening



6	i.	Exhaust system	Check
	ii.	Muffler conditions	Check
	iii.	Heat exchanger	Check
	i.	Turbocharger	Inspect for damages, leakages and general conditions.
7	i.	Engine cowling electrical system	Check
	ii.	Air hoses and filter	Check
	iii.	Firewall fitted components	Check
	iv.	Battery conditions	Check
8	i.	Fuel hoses and fittings	Check
	ii.	Engine sensors & wiring	Check also for thermal damages
9	Close and secure both LH and RH engine inspection doors		

*Should be between MIN and MAX marks

**Open the expansion tank level only at first day inspection, with the engine cold. The tank level should be at least 2/3





4.3. CHECKLISTS

4.3.1. Before Engine Start

1	Seat position and belts	ADJUST (<u>WARNING*</u>)
2	Flight controls	CHECK FREEDOM
3	Parking brake	ENGAGE
4	Throttle friction	ADJUST
5	Circuit breakers	CHECK ALL IN
6	Master switch	ON
7	TCU Function Test	Check that for approx. 1-2 seconds both Lamps of TCU illuminate and then extinguish. <u>WARNING**</u> NOTE: When switching on the voltage supply, both lamps are automatically subject to a function test.
8	Electric fuel pump	ON (audible noise)
9	Flap control	CHECK FULL TRAVEL
10	Flap control	SET TO T/O
11	Elevator trim	CHECK FULL TRAVEL
12	Elevator trim	SET ON THE GREEN MARK
13	Canopy (three locks)	CLOSE AND LOCK
14	Safety belts	FASTEN
15	Passenger's safety belts	FASTEN EVEN IF SOLO
16	Avionics switch	ON



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***WARNING**

In-flight seat release can cause the loss of airplane control. Check that occupied seats are positively locked.

****WARNING**

Non-compliance can result in serious injuries or death!

Do not take the engine into operation before having rectified the cause of deficiency.



4.3.2. Engine Start

1	Throttle	IDLE
2	Choke	IF NECESSARY
3	Fuel selector	SELECT TANK
4	Electric fuel pump	ON
5	Strobe lights	ON
6	Propeller disc and area	CLEAR
7	Ignition key	BOTH
8	Ignition key	START
9	Oil Press	CHECK rise within 10"
10	Generator switch	ON
11	AUX Gen switch (if installed)	ON
12	Voltmeter	CHECK within limits
13	Engine instruments	CHECK within limits
14	Choke	OFF
15	Engine rpm	Set 2.400-2.900
16	Fuel Press	CHECK within limits

WARNING

If oil pressure doesn't rise within 10 seconds, shut down engine.
The maximum oil pressure for cold conditions is 7 bar.



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4.3.3. Before TAXIING

1	Altimeter	SET
2	Parking brake	OFF
3	Radio and Avionics (if any)	ON & SET

4.3.4. TAXIING

1	Toe brakes	CHECK functionality
2	Throttle	CHECK proper response
3	Main gear springs	CHECK proper response
4	Nose gear damping	CHECK proper response



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4.3.5. Before TAKEOFF

1	Oil temperature	50-130°C	120-266°F
2	Oil pressure	2.0-5.0bar	29-73psi
3	Fuel pressure	Airbox Pres.+0.15 bar -Airbox Pres.+0.35bar	2.18-5.08psi
4	Max CHT	135°C	275F
5	Fuel valve	SELECT TANK	
6	Throttle	SET 4.000 engine rpm	
7	Ignition circuit CHECK	SET LH and check rpm drop	
8	Ignition circuit CHECK	SET RH and check rpm drop	
9	Max engine rpm drop	300 rpm	
10	Max difference between LH and RH ignition circuit	115 rpm	
11	Flap	SET T/O	
12	Elevator Trim	CHECK to GREEN MARK	
13	Flight controls	CHECK FREEDOM	
14	Safety belts	CHECK FASTENED	
15	Canopy locks	CHECK	



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4.3.6. TAKEOFF and CLIMB

1	Parking brake	OFF
2	Choke	CHECK OFF
3	Runway	ALIGNED
4	Toe Brakes	ACTIVATE
5	Throttle	FULL (Throttle 115% bypass the throttle lever detent - Max. MAP 39.0 in.HG)
6	Engine parameters	CHECK WITHIN LIMITS
7	Toe Brakes	RELEASE
8	Rotation speed	$V_R = 39\text{KIAS}$
9	Climb	ESTABLISH
	$V_x = 59\text{KIAS}$ $V_y = 67\text{KIAS}$	
10	Fuel pressure	CHECK (min Airbox Pres. + 0.15bar/2.18psi)
11	Throttle	REDUCE TO 5.500rpm
12	NAV Lights	ON



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4.3.7. CRUISE

1	Throttle*	BELOW 5.500rpm (Max. MAP 35.0 in.HG)	
2	Oil temperature (NORMAL)	90-110°C	194-230F
3	Oil pressure	2.0-5.0bar	29-73psi
4	Fuel pressure	Airbox Pres. + 0.15 bar - Airbox Pres. + 0.35bar	2.18-5.08psi
5	Max CHT	135°C	275F
6	Fuel level	MONITOR	

*Cruise settings are shown in Section 5 - Performances

4.3.8. Before LANDING

1	Electric fuel pump	CHECK ON
2	Fuel valve	SELECT FULLEST TANK
3	Landing light	ON
4	Flaps (on downwind leg)	T/O
5	Downwind speed	65KIAS
6	Base leg speed	60KIAS
7	Flaps (on final)	LAND
8	Final speed	55KIAS
9	Touchdown speed	41KIAS
10	Brakes	AS NECESSARY



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4.3.9. BALKED LANDING

1	Throttle	FULL
2	Speed	59KIAS (flaps T/O)
3	Flaps	RETRACT
4	Electric fuel pump	KEEP ON
5	Speed	67KIAS

4.3.10. AFTER LANDING

1	Flaps	RETRACT
2	Landing light	OFF

4.3.11. Engine SHUT DOWN

1	Parking brake	ENGAGE
2	Throttle	SET 2.400-3.000 for 1 min.
3	Ignition key	OFF
4	Electric fuel pump	OFF
5	Nav. Lights	OFF
6	Strobe Lights	OFF
7	Avionics switch	OFF
8	EFIS/EMS switch	OFF
9	Fuel valve	OFF
10	Master switch	OFF



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4.3.12. Post-Flight CHECKS

1	Flight controls	LOCK using safety belts
2	Canopy	CLOSED and LOCKED
3	Wheel chocks and tie-down	ARRANGE (See Sect. No.8)
4	Parking brake	IF NECESSARY
5	Pitot cover	PLACE ON
6	Canopy cover	IF NECESSARY*

*When the a/c is parked outside, or if the a/c will not be used for days, it is strongly recommended to use the fuselage cover to protect windshields against dust

NOTE

always perform a last walk-around in order to check if something is missing such as lights, master ON, key or other



5. Section No. 5 - Performances

This section provides all necessary data for accurate and comprehensive planning of flight activity from takeoff to landing.

Data reported in graphs and/or tables were determined using:

- “Flight test data” with conditions as prescribed by ASTM and bilateral agreements
- Aircraft and engine in good condition
- Average piloting techniques

Each graph or table was determined according to ICAO Standard Atmosphere (ISA - MSL); evaluations of the impact on performance were carried out by theoretical means for:

- Airspeed
- External temperature
- Altitude
- Weight
- Type and condition of runway



5.1. Use of Performance Charts

Performance data is presented in tabular or graphical form to illustrate the effect of different variables such as altitude, temperature and weight. Given information is sufficient to plan journey with required precision and safety.

Additional information is provided for each table or graph.

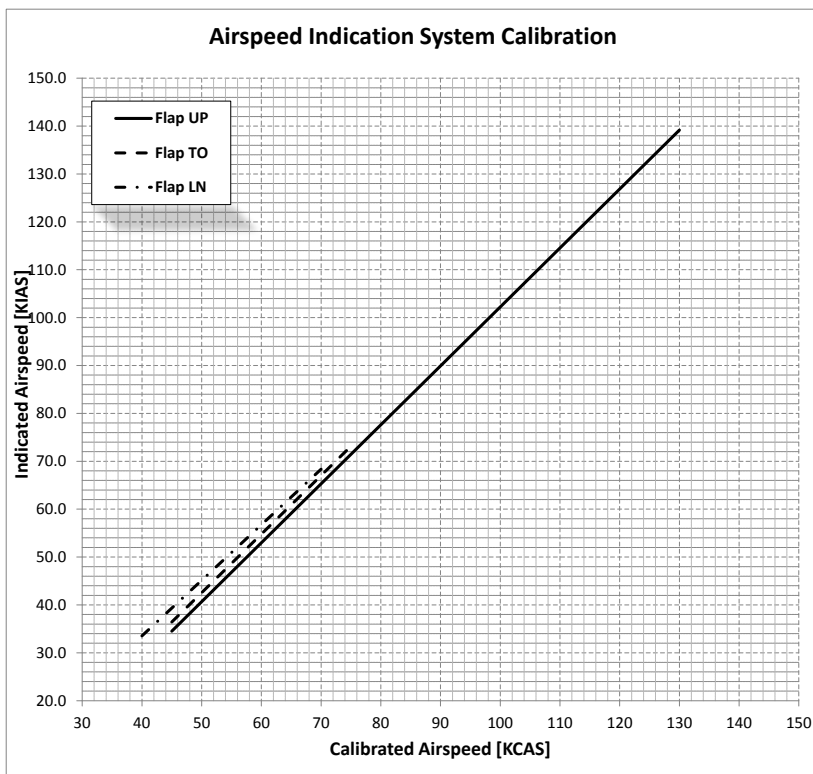
5.2. Airspeed Indicator System Calibration

Graph shows indicated airspeed V_{IAS} as a function of calibrated airspeed V_{CAS} .



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Example:

Given

KIAS 80.1

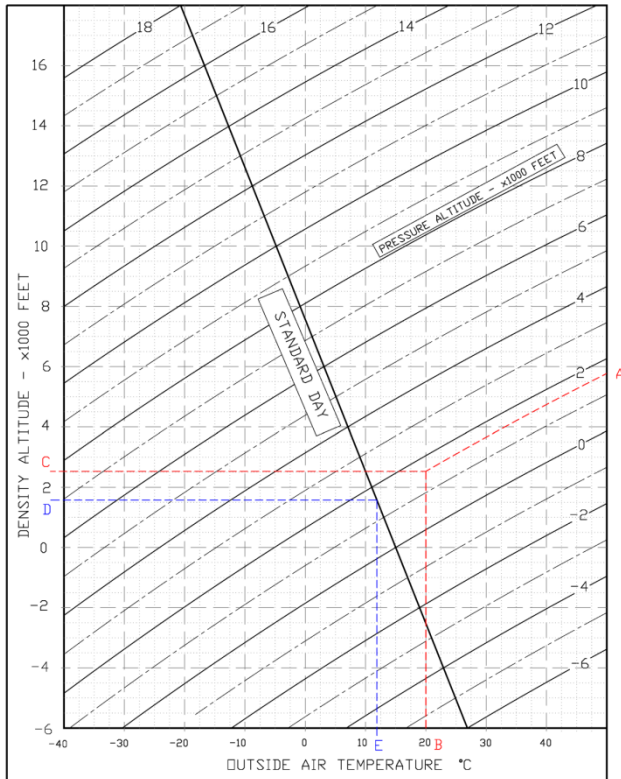
Flap: UP

Find

KCAS 82.0



5.3. ICAO Standard Atmosphere



Examples:

Scope

Given

Find

Density Altitude: A: Pressure altitude = 1600ft → C: Density Altitude = 2550ft
B: Temperature = 20°C

ISA Temperature: D: Pressure altitude = 1600ft → E: ISA Air Temperature = 12°C



5.4. Stall Speed

Weight: 599kg /1320lb Throttle Levers: IDLE CG: Most Forward (19%) No ground effect							
WEIGHT [kg/lb]	BANK ANGLE [deg]	STALL SPEED					
		FLAPS 0°		FLAPS T/O		FLAPS FULL	
		KIAS	KCAS	KIAS	KCAS	KIAS	KCAS
599/1320 (FWD C.G.)	0	35	44	34	43	32	38
	15	36	46	35	44	32	39
	30	39	49	38	46	35	41
	45	45	54	44	51	40	46
	60	58	64	55	61	50	54

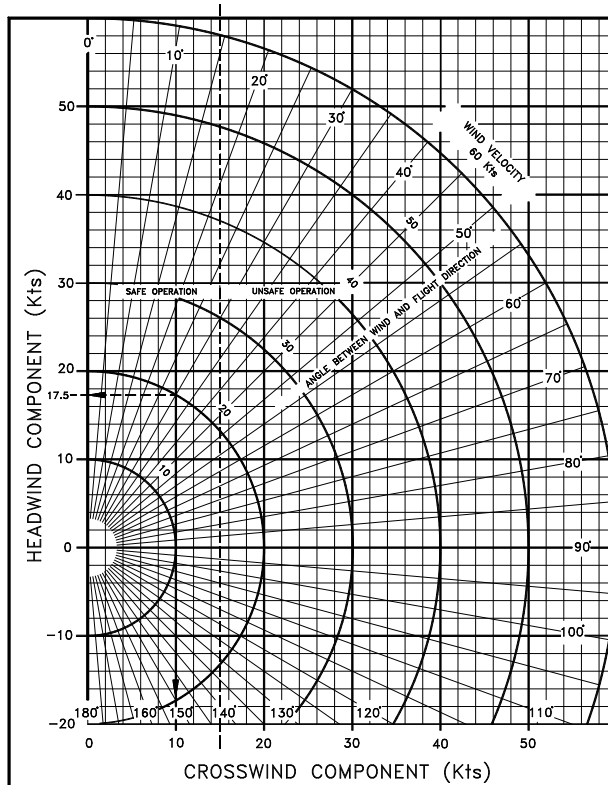
NOTE

Altitude loss during conventional stall recovery, as demonstrated during flight tests is approximately 200 ft with banking below 30°.



5.5. Crosswind

Maximum demonstrated crosswind is 20 Kts.



Given

Wind direction (with respect to aircraft longitudinal axis) = 30°

Wind speed = 20 Kts

Find

Headwind = 17.5 Kts

Crosswind = 10 Kts



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5.6. Takeoff distances

Weight = 599kg/1320lb						
Flaps: T/O						
Speed at Lift-Off = 39 KIAS						
Speed Over 50ft Obst. = 59 KIAS						
Throttle Levers: Full Forward						
Runway: Grass						
Corrections						
Headwind: - 5m for each kt (16 ft/kt)						
Tailwind: + 15m for each kt (49 ft/kt)						
Paved Runway: - 10% to Ground Roll						
Runway slope: + 7% to Ground Roll for each +1%						
Pressure Altitude [ft]		Distance [m]				
		Temperature [°C]				ISA
		-25	0	25	50	
S.L.	Ground Roll	86	108	133	161	123
	At 50 ft AGL	270	336	410	492	379
1000	Ground Roll	93	118	145	176	132
	At 50 ft AGL	294	365	445	534	405
2000	Ground Roll	102	128	158	192	141
	At 50 ft AGL	319	396	483	580	433
3000	Ground Roll	111	140	173	210	152
	At 50 ft AGL	347	431	525	630	464
4000	Ground Roll	122	153	189	229	163
	At 50 ft AGL	377	468	571	685	496
5000	Ground Roll	133	168	207	251	175
	At 50 ft AGL	410	510	621	746	531
6000	Ground Roll	146	183	226	275	188
	At 50 ft AGL	446	555	677	812	569
7000	Ground Roll	160	201	248	301	203
	At 50 ft AGL	486	605	737	885	610
8000	Ground Roll	175	220	272	329	218
	At 50 ft AGL	530	659	804	965	654
10000	Ground Roll	210	265	327	396	254
	At 50 ft AGL	631	785	957	1149	754



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Weight = 550kg/1210lb						
Flaps: T/O						
Speed at Lift-Off = 39 KIAS						
Speed Over 50ft Obst.=59 KIAS						
Throttle Levers: Full Forward						
Runway: Grass						
Corrections						
Headwind: - 5m for each kt (16 ft/kt)						
Tailwind: + 15m for each kt (49 ft/kt)						
Paved Runway: - 10% to Ground Roll						
Runway slope: +7% to Ground Roll for each 1%						
Pressure Altitude [ft]		Distance [m]				
		Temperature [°C]				ISA
		-25	0	25	50	
S.L.	Ground Roll	69	87	108	131	99
	At 50 ft AGL	222	276	336	404	311
1000	Ground Roll	76	95	118	143	107
	At 50 ft AGL	241	300	365	438	333
2000	Ground Roll	83	104	129	156	115
	At 50 ft AGL	262	325	397	476	356
3000	Ground Roll	90	114	140	170	123
	At 50 ft AGL	285	354	431	517	381
4000	Ground Roll	99	124	153	186	132
	At 50 ft AGL	309	385	469	563	407
5000	Ground Roll	108	136	168	204	142
	At 50 ft AGL	337	418	510	612	436
6000	Ground Roll	118	149	184	223	153
	At 50 ft AGL	367	456	556	667	467
7000	Ground Roll	129	163	201	244	165
	At 50 ft AGL	399	496	605	727	501
8000	Ground Roll	142	179	220	267	177
	At 50 ft AGL	435	541	660	792	537
10000	Ground Roll	171	215	265	322	206
	At 50 ft AGL	518	644	786	943	619



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Weight = 500kg/1100lb Flaps: T/O Speed at Lift-Off = 39 KIAS Speed Over 50ft Obst.=59 KIAS Throttle Levers: Full Forward Runway: Grass						
<div> <div> Corrections Headwind: - 5m for each kt (16 ft/kt) Tailwind: + 15m for each kt (49 ft/kt) Paved Runway: - 10% to Ground Roll Runway slope: +7% to Ground Roll for each 1% </div> </div>						
Pressure Altitude [ft]		Distance [m]				
		Temperature [°C]				ISA
		-25	0	25	50	
S.L.	Ground Roll	55	70	86	104	79
	At 50 ft AGL	179	222	271	325	251
1000	Ground Roll	60	76	94	114	85
	At 50 ft AGL	194	241	294	353	268
2000	Ground Roll	66	83	102	124	91
	At 50 ft AGL	211	262	320	384	287
3000	Ground Roll	72	91	112	136	98
	At 50 ft AGL	229	285	347	417	307
4000	Ground Roll	79	99	122	148	105
	At 50 ft AGL	249	310	378	453	328
5000	Ground Roll	86	108	134	162	113
	At 50 ft AGL	271	337	411	493	352
6000	Ground Roll	94	118	146	177	122
	At 50 ft AGL	295	367	448	537	377
7000	Ground Roll	103	130	160	194	131
	At 50 ft AGL	322	400	488	585	404
8000	Ground Roll	113	142	175	213	141
	At 50 ft AGL	351	436	532	638	433
10000	Ground Roll	136	171	211	256	164
	At 50 ft AGL	418	519	633	760	499



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5.7. Landing distances

Weight = 599kg/1320lb						
Flaps: FULL						
Short Final Approach Speed = 42 KIAS						
Throttle Levers: Idle						
Runway: Grass						
Corrections						
Headwind: - 4m for each kt (13 ft/kt)						
Tailwind: + 13m for each kt (43 ft/kt)						
Paved Runway: - 10% to Ground Roll						
Runway slope: - 3% to Ground Roll for each +1%						
Pressure Altitude [ft]		Distance [m]				
		Temperature [°C]				ISA
		-25	0	25	50	
S.L.	Ground Roll	176	193	211	229	204
	At 50 ft AGL	339	356	374	392	367
1000	Ground Roll	182	201	219	237	210
	At 50 ft AGL	345	364	382	400	373
2000	Ground Roll	189	208	227	246	216
	At 50 ft AGL	352	371	390	409	379
3000	Ground Roll	196	216	236	255	223
	At 50 ft AGL	359	379	399	418	386
4000	Ground Roll	203	224	244	265	230
	At 50 ft AGL	366	387	407	428	393
5000	Ground Roll	211	232	254	275	237
	At 50 ft AGL	374	395	417	438	400
6000	Ground Roll	219	241	263	286	244
	At 50 ft AGL	382	404	426	449	407
7000	Ground Roll	228	251	274	297	252
	At 50 ft AGL	391	414	437	460	415
8000	Ground Roll	237	260	284	308	260
	At 50 ft AGL	400	423	447	471	423
10000	Ground Roll	255	281	307	333	276
	At 50 ft AGL	418	444	470	496	439



5.8. Balked landing

Throttle Levers: *Full Forward*

Flaps: *LAND*

Speed: *42 KIAS*

Weight [kg/lb]	Pressure Altitude [ft]	Angle of Climb [deg]				
		Temperature [°C]				ISA
		-25	0	25	50	
599 kg 1320 lb	S.L.	12.7	11	9.5	8.2	10.1
	2000	11.4	9.8	8.3	7	9.1
	4000	10.1	8.5	7.1	5.8	8.1
	6000	8.9	7.3	5.9	4.6	7.1
	8000	7.6	6	4.6	3.4	6.1
	10000	6.3	4.8	3.4	2.2	5.1
	14000	3.8	2.4	1	-0.2	3.1
549 kg 1210 lb	S.L.	14.4	12.6	10.9	9.4	11.6
	2000	13	11.2	9.6	8.1	10.5
	4000	11.6	9.8	8.3	6.8	9.4
	6000	10.2	8.5	6.9	5.5	8.3
	8000	8.8	7.1	5.6	4.2	7.2
	10000	7.5	5.8	4.3	2.9	6.1
	14000	4.7	3.1	1.6	0.3	3.9
499 kg 1100 lb	S.L.	16.4	14.4	12.6	10.9	13.3
	2000	14.9	12.9	11.1	9.5	12.1
	4000	13.3	11.4	9.6	8	10.9
	6000	11.8	9.9	8.2	6.6	9.7
	8000	10.3	8.4	6.7	5.2	8.4
	10000	8.8	6.9	5.2	3.7	7.2
	14000	5.7	3.9	2.3	0.9	4.8



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5.9. En-route Rate of Climb

Throttle Levers: Full Forward Flaps: UP							
Weight [kg/lb]	Pressure Altitude [ft]	Climb Speed V_Y [KIAS]	Rate of Climb [ft/min]				
			Temperature [°C]				ISA
			-25	0	25	50	
599 kg 1320 lb	S.L.	67	1369	1214	1075	950	1129
	2000	66	1251	1099	962	840	1037
	4000	65	1154	1004	870	749	964
	6000	65	1036	889	757	639	872
	8000	64	920	775	645	529	780
	10000	63	803	661	534	419	687
	12000	63	687	547	423	310	595
	14000	62	571	434	312	202	502
550 kg 1210 lb	S.L.	66	1538	1373	1225	1092	1282
	2000	66	1412	1250	1105	974	1184
	4000	65	1307	1148	1005	877	1106
	6000	64	1182	1026	886	759	1008
	8000	64	1058	904	767	643	909
	10000	63	934	783	648	526	811
	12000	62	811	662	530	410	713
	14000	62	688	542	412	294	614
500 kg 1100 lb	S.L.	66	1736	1558	1400	1257	1461
	2000	66	1601	1427	1271	1131	1356
	4000	65	1487	1315	1162	1024	1270
	6000	64	1353	1184	1034	898	1165
	8000	63	1219	1054	906	773	1059
	10000	63	1086	924	779	648	954
	12000	62	953	794	652	523	848
	14000	61	821	665	525	399	743



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5.10. Cruise Performances



CAUTION *Engine speed over 5500 RPM is restricted to 5min.*

DATA COMPUTED - DEDUCTION OF RESERVE IS UNDER PILOT'S RESPONSIBILITY

Weight = 599 kg								
CORRECTIONS								
			MAP	KTAS	Fuel Cons.	Endurance	Range	Specific Range
For each +15°C of OAT			-	-2%	-2.50%	2%	1%	1%
For each -15°C of OAT			-	1%	3%	-4%	-2%	-1%
For -100kg (45lb) of weight			-	3.30%	-	-	3%	4%
CRUISE PERFORMANCE								
Pressure Altitude	OAT ISA	Engine Speed	MAP	KTAS	Fuel Cons.	Endurance	Range	Specific Range
[ft]	[deg C]	[rpm]	[in.Hg]	[Kts]	[Gal/hr]	[hr:mm]	[nm]	[nm/Gal]
0	15	5800	39	128	9.4	3:04	394	13.7
		5500	35	120	8.1	3:34	435	15.1
		5300	33	118	7.3	3:58	468	16.2
		5100	31	114	6.5	4:25	504	17.5
		4800	29	108	5.5	5:14	565	19.6
		4600	28.5	104	4.9	5:54	612	21.3
		4400	28	100	4.3	6:38	662	23



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2000	11	5800	39	129	8.9	3:13	414	14.4
		5500	35	123	7.7	3:45	459	15.9
		5300	33	118	6.9	4:09	492	17.1
		5100	31	114	6.2	4:38	530	18.4
		4800	29	108	5.3	5:29	593	20.6
		4600	28.5	104	4.7	6:09	641	22.2
		4400	28	100	4.2	6:53	690	23.9
4000	7	5800	39	129	8.5	3:23	437	15.2
		5500	35	123	7.3	3:56	483	16.8
		5300	33	119	6.6	4:22	518	18
		5100	31	115	5.9	4:51	556	19.3
		4800	29	109	5	5:44	622	21.6
		4600	28.5	104	4.5	6:24	669	23.2
		4400	28	100	4	7:08	717	24.9
6000	3	5800	39	129	8.1	3:34	460	16
		5500	35	123	7	4:08	509	17.7
		5300	33	119	6.3	4:34	545	18.9
		5100	31	115	5.7	5:05	584	20.3
		4800	29	109	4.8	5:59	651	22.6
		4600	28.5	105	4.3	6:39	698	24.2
		4400	28	101	3.9	7:23	743	25.8
8000	-1	5800	39	130	7.7	3:45	485	16.8
		5500	35	124	6.6	4:20	535	18.6
		5300	33	119	6	4:48	572	19.9
		5100	31	115	5.4	5:19	613	21.3
		4800	29	109	4.6	6:14	680	23.6
		4600	28.5	105	4.2	6:54	726	25.2
		4400	28	101	3.8	7:36	768	26.7



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10000	-5	5800	39	130	7.3	3:56	511	17.8
		5500	35	124	6.3	4:33	563	19.5
		5300	33	120	5.7	5:01	601	20.9
		5100	31	116	5.2	5:33	643	22.3
		4800	29	110	4.5	6:28	709	24.6
		4600	28.5	106	4	7:08	752	26.1
		4400	28	101	3.7	7:47	790	27.4



6. Section No. 6 - Weight and Balance

This section describes the procedure for establishing the basic empty weight and the moment of the aircraft. Loading procedure information is also provided.

WARNING

Aircraft must be operated in accordance with the limits concerning the maximum takeoff weight and CG travel reported in Sect.2

WARNING

It is pilot's responsibility to check that the weight and CG are within the limits

6.1. Weighing Procedures

6.1.1. Preparation

- Carry out the weighing inside a closed hangar to avoid the wind to modify the scales reading;
- Remove from the cabin any foreign object;
- Make sure that POH and aircraft documents are on board;
- Align nose wheel;
- Make sure that there is only the not-usable fuel in the tanks (0.5lt);
- Make sure that all the operating fluids are to operating levels;
- Make sure that the seats are in the most FWD position;
- Retract the flaps;
- Engage the parking brake;
- Close the canopy;



- Place the scales under each wheel. Lift the aircraft by pushing from the bottom wing skin in correspondence with the rib;
- Level the aircraft. Level can be placed inside the baggage compartment.

6.1.2. Levelling

- Level the aircraft with the reference to the baggage compartment floor. You can monitor the spirit-level through the baggage compartment door;
- If needed, adjust the aircraft attitude deflating the nose tire until the aircraft is perfectly levelled.

6.1.3. Weights Record

- Record the weight shown on each scale;
- Repeat the weighing if necessary to be safe on the given value;



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6.2. C.G. Location determination

- With the aircraft leveled, not necessarily during the weighing, drop a plumb bob tangent to the wing leading edge exactly 45mm before the Left and Right wing 7th rib as shown in the next picture;
- Stretch a taught line on the hangar floor between the LH and RH in order to have the possibility to measure the distances "A" and "B" as shown in the next picture;
- Record the "A" and "B" distances, which will be useful also for future weighing.

NOTE

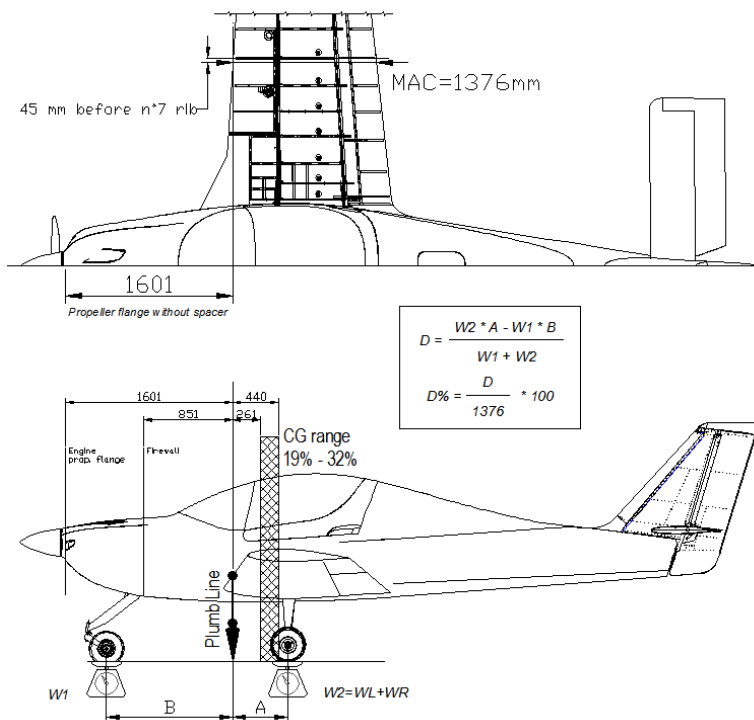
Before the aircraft leaves the factory, and as soon as it is re-assembled to the local dealer, the weighing report is filled and the distances for the S/N are recorded



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6.2.1. Weighing scheme - general scheme [mt]



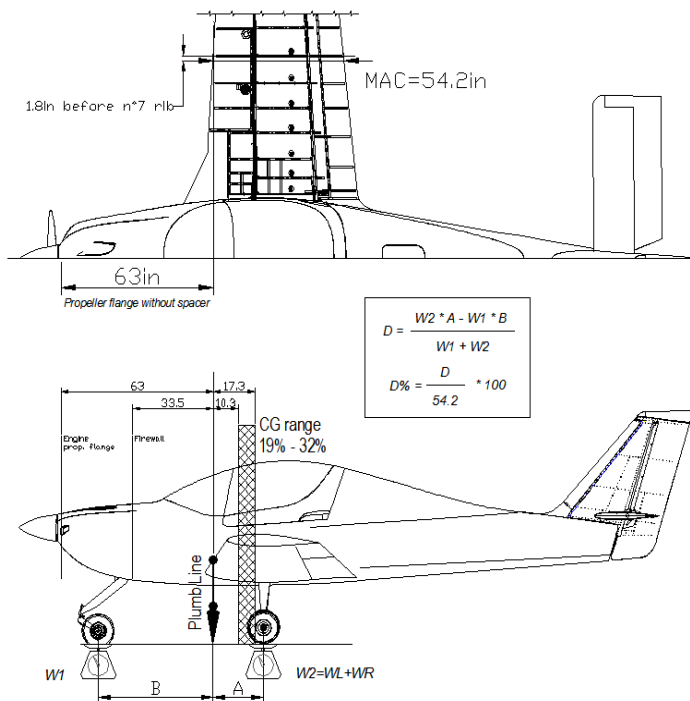
CAUTION

Always use CONSISTENT units to compute the W&B

[kg] for weights and [mt] for distances
or
[lb] for weights and [in] for distances



6.2.2. Weighing scheme - general scheme [in]



CAUTION

Always use CONSISTENT units to compute the W&B

[kg] for weights and [mt] for distances
or
[lb] for weights and [in] for distances



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6.2.3. Weighing report - S/N: _____

Tecnastore	Weighing n. _____	Date: ____/____/____	
Nose Wheel weight	$W_1 =$ _____	Left dist. "A"	$A_L =$ _____
LH Main wheel weight	$W_L =$ _____	Right dist. "A"	$A_R =$ _____
RH Main wheel weight	$W_R =$ _____	$\frac{(A_L + A_R)}{2}$	$A =$ _____
$W_2 = W_L + W_R$	$W_2 =$ _____	Dist. "B"	$B =$ _____
Empty weight $W_e = W_1 + W_2$	$W_e =$ _____	Empty weight	
$M_1 = W_1 \cdot B$	$M_1 =$ _____		
$M_2 = W_2 \cdot A$	$M_2 =$ _____		
$M = M_2 - M_1$	$M =$ _____	Empty wt. moment ⁽¹⁾	
$D = \frac{M}{W_e}$	$D =$ _____	$D\% = \frac{D}{MAC} \cdot 100$	$D =$ _____ %
Maximum Take Off Weight (MTOW)	600kg		1320lb
Authorized Signature (see AMM)	_____		

⁽¹⁾ This Moment is computed around the MAC leading edge. In order to know the Moment around the datum (prop. flange without the spacer) the value is:

$$M_{datum} = (D + 1.601mt) \cdot W_e = \text{_____} \text{ kgmt}$$

$$M_{datum} = (D + 63in) \cdot W_e = \text{_____} \text{ lbin}$$



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6.2.4. Loading computation Chart

Every Tecnam Astore is provided with an Apple iPad Mini with a pre-loaded app. One of its features is that the CoG position for each payload distribution, given the inputs data from the weighing report, can be easily displayed. By the way, a classic method is provided in the following table, which can be printed and used before each flight.

Loading Computation Chart (use kg and mt or lb and in)			
	Weight W_e	Arm	Moment M
Empty data			
Fuel ⁽¹⁾		0.255mt (10in)*	
Pil&Passenger		0.417mt (16in)*	
Baggage		1.396mt (55in)*	
Take Off Weight		TOW	
Total Moment		MOM	
Distance (%MAC)	$\frac{MOM}{TOW} \cdot \frac{1}{MAC} \cdot 100$		_____ %

⁽¹⁾ Fuel weight is 0.72kg/ltr or 6lb/USGal

* Distances from MAC leading edge

WARNING

Verify that the TOW and CoG location are within the limits given in the Section no.2 - Limitations

6.2.5. Payload moments

The following tables show the moments in kgm and lbin for several values of each payload item. This simplifies the filling of table reported in the §6.2.4.



Pilot + Passenger				
kg	kgm		lb	lbin
20	8,3		44	705
30	12,5		66	1057
40	16,7		88	1410
50	20,9		110	1762
60	25,0		132	2115
70	29,2		154	2467
80	33,4		176	2819
90	37,5		198	3172
100	41,7		220	3524
110	45,9		242	3877
120	50,0		264	4229
130	54,2		286	4581
140	58,4		308	4934
150	62,6		330	5286
160	66,7		352	5639
170	70,9		374	5991
180	75,1		396	6344
190	79,2		419	6696
200	83,4		441	7048
210	87,6		463	7401
220	91,7		485	7753
230	95,9		507	8106
240	100,1		529	8458
250	104,3		550	8800

Fuel				
liters	kgm		USGal	lbin
10	1,8		5	300
20	3,7		10	600
30	5,5		15	900
40	7,3		20	1200
50	9,2		25	1500
60	11,0		30	1800
70	12,9		29	1740
80	14,7			
90	16,5			
100	18,4			
110	20,2			

Baggages				
kg	kgm		lb	lbin
5	7,0		10	550
10	14,0		20	1100
15	20,9		30	1650
20	27,9		40	2200
25	34,9		50	2750
30	41,9		70	3850
35	48,9		77	4235



6.2.6. Equipment List

This paragraph shows the position and weight of main equipment components in order to make the knowledge of their respective position easier to determinate. In order to supply to the operator a comprehensive method to determine the position of other components not in this list, the following picture shows the aircraft side view with dimensions from the engine propeller flange. In order to verify the actual CoG and empty weight in reference with equipment list, the M_{datum} should be used because referenced to the propeller flange without spacer. All measures are positive going toward the tail, while the propeller/spinner and spacer are the only negative measures.

If some known optional is missing, this means that the relevant W&B information are given in the equipment Supplement (Suppl. in the Weight and Arm columns). Also, a table to record the weight and balancing changes is provided in order to be fulfilled every time a mass item affecting the weight and balance is added/removed.

- S = Standard equipment
- S-M = Standard equipment - it is forbidden to fly without this equipment under any conditions
- O-VFRN = Optional equipment - it is forbidden to fly without this equipment under VFR-N conditions
- O = Optional equipment

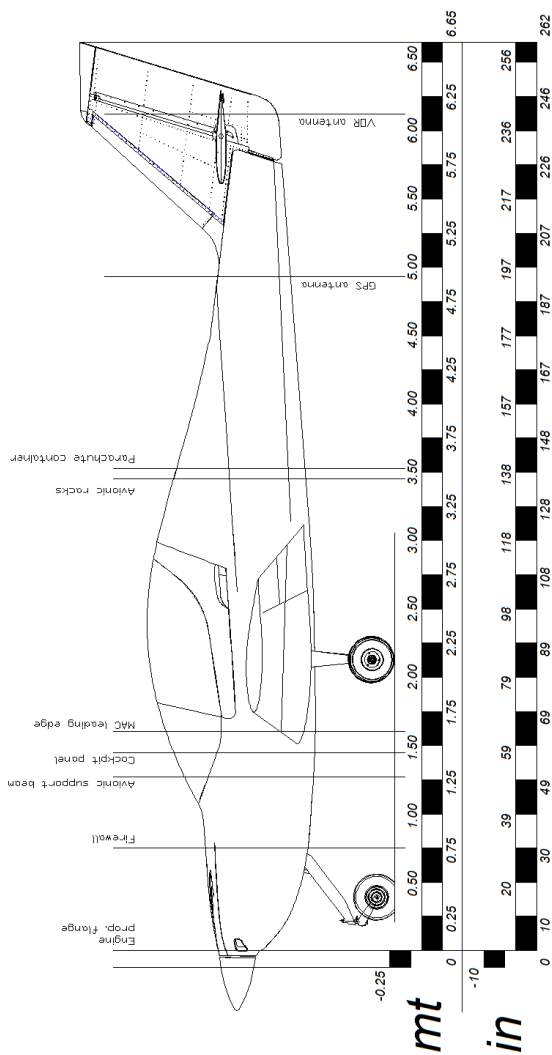
NOTE

Local CAA may require additional equipment as Mandatory to conduct flights such as ELT, Radio and Transponder units



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ITEM	Description	Standard Optional Mandatory*	Weight [kg]	Arm [mt]
	21 - AIR CONDITIONING			
	Air cond. Flycool	O	Suppl.	Suppl.
	22 - AUTO FLIGHT			
	Dynon autopilot	O	Suppl.	Suppl.
	Trio Pro Pilot autopilot	O	Suppl.	Suppl.
	Garmin Autopilot	O	Suppl.	Suppl.
	23 - COMMUNICATIONS			
	GMA240 Audio Panel computer	O	0.68	1.32
	GMA340 Audio Panel computer	O	0.80	1.32
	GNC255A COM/NAV computer	O	1.60	1.32
	MD200 VOR indicator	O	0.64	1.35
	GTR200 COM computer	O	0.97	1.32
	GTR225A computer	O	1.40	1.32
	GTX327 mode C Transponder computer	O	1.50	1.32
	GTX328 mode S Transponder computer	O	1.90	1.32
	GTX330 mode S Transponder computer	O	1.90	1.32
	GPS796+Airgizmos	O	0.97	1.50
	Dynon SV-XPNDR-261 mode S (rack)	O	0.40	3.53
	SV-COM-C25 COM	O	0.16	1.35
	SV-INTERCOM-2S	O	0.20	1.32
	SV-ADSB-470 UAT Traffic and Weather Rec.	O	0.40	1.27
	ADSB antenna	O	0.10	3.00
	Speakers	O	0.15	3.34
	Microphone	O	0.10	1.94
	COM1 antenna	O	0.10	2.54
	XTR antenna	O	0.10	1.83
	GPS antenna	O	0.15	4.93
	VOR antenna	O	0.20	6.12
	24 - ELECTRICAL POWER			
	External alternator - 40A	O	3.50	0.09
	Battery - Spark500*	O	4.90	0.70
	Battery - Alliant X3	S - M	1.00	0.70
	External Ground Power Receptacle	O	0.40	2.67



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25 - EQUIPMENT/FURNISHINGS				
Seat (LH or RH) - each	S - M	4.10	2.02	
Seat belt - each	S - M	1.00	2.20	
Baggage net (mandatory if carrying load)	O	0.60	2.97	
POH	S - M	0.40	2.63	
Ballistic Recovery System	O	13.0	3.30	
Hammer	S	0.30	2.68	
Armrest	O	0.60	2.13	
First aid box	S	0.6	2.13	
ELT 406Mhz (remote unit)	O	1.00	2.28	
26 - FIRE PROTECTION				
Fire extinguisher	S	1.50	1.57	
32 - LANDING GEAR				
Nose wheel fairing	S	1.50	0.39	
Main wheel fairing (each)	S	1.50	2.21	
NLG tire and tube (Airtrac)	S - M	2.0+0.5	0.39	
NLG tire and tube (Goodyear)	O	2.6+0.5	0.39	
MLG tire and tube (Airtrac - each T+T)	S - M	2.0+0.5	2.13	
MLG tire and tube (Goodyear - each T+T)	O	2.6+0.5	2.13	
33 - LIGHTS				
Strobe & NAV Lights (both LH/RH) & switches	O-VFRN	0.25	1.98	
Landing light bulb & switch	O-VFRN	0.30	1.66	
Instrument lights, switch & dimmer	O-VFRN	0.30	1.37	
34 - NAVIGATION				
Compass	S - M	0.30	1.37	
Airspeed indicator	S - M	0.40	1.37	
Altitude indicator	S - M	0.40	1.37	
Vertical Speed indicator	S	0.40	1.37	
Oblò EFIS	O	0.45	1.38	
Turn and bank indicator	O	1.40	1.33	
Chronometer	O	0.40	1.38	
OAT indicator	O	0.30	1.38	
Attitude - electric	O - VFRN**	1.40	1.33	
Directional - electric	O	1.40	1.33	
Mini iPad Apple	S	0.36	1.49	
Dynon SV1000 display (each)	O	1.40	1.41	
Dynon SV700 display (each)	O	1.15	1.41	



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	GARMIN G3X display (each)	O	0.80	1.41
	61 - PROPELLER			
	Sensenich W68T2ET-70J	S - M	4.70	-0.12
	Sensenich 2A0R5R70EN	O	5.00	-0.12
	Sensenich 3B0R5R68C	O	4.35	-0.12
	Spinner plate	S	0.40	-0.06
	Spacer	S - M	1.50	-0.05
	Spinner	S	0.30	-0.16
	71 - POWERPLANT			
	Muffler heat exchanger	S	0.35	0.44
	77 - ENGINE INDICATING			
	MAP indicator	O	0.40	1.38
	EMS display (Dynon, Garmin or TL-Elektronics)	S - M	0.60	1.38
	78 - EXHAUST			
	Exhaust system incl. muffler	S - M	4.60	0.344
	79 - OIL			
	Thermostatic oil valve	O	0.80	0.355
	Oil cooler	S - M	0.80	0.277
	82 - WATER INJECTION			
	Thermostatic coolant valve	O	0.80	0.355
	Water cooler	S - M	1.00	0.131

*Spark 500 is mandatory if the aircraft is equipped with Rotax 912i Series. The i Series is in fact not able to adequately re-charge the Alliant 13.2V battery.

**The use of adequate attitude indicator is mandatory to fly under VFR-N conditions. Check your S/N equipment list in order to be sure that it includes a source for attitude indication (EFIS with ADAHRS or single attitude indicator instrument). TECNAM do not consider the GPS data for attitude indication as adequate to replace a gyro or solid state gyroscope operated instrument.

6.2.7. Change of equipment RECORD

The following table, according with the chapter 6.2.6 requirements, is used to record any change, removal or installation of any component from/in the aircraft. Any of this change can be recorder in order to always store the aircraft configuration without the need to repeat the weighing and balancing, unless a new weighing is necessary.

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[illegible]

NOTE

When an item is added, the moment is always positive unless the item is pertinent to the propeller. In this case, the removal of a propeller will result in a positive moment, while the installation of a new one results in a negative moment



7. Section No. 7 - Description of Airplane and Systems

7.1. General

The Tecnam Astore is a low wing, two-place, single-engine airplane equipped with tricycle landing gear. The all metal airframe structure is complemented by the selective use of an epoxy reinforced matrix of carbon/glass fiber for the upper radome and fairings.

The main landing gear consists of two 7075T6 light alloy springs which are hinged inside the fuselage in order to maximize the wheel deflection and energy absorption efficiency. These springs are supported by robust machined components which spread the load directly onto the main bulkheads. Two rawhide liners are inserted between each spring-leaf and the external machined beam. Two bolts secure the individual spring-leaf to the edge of the beam via a light alloy clamp while a single bolt secures the inboard end of the leaf-spring to the hinge and inner machined beam. The nose gear is free casting and is supported by an oleo-pneumatic shock absorber connected directly to the firewall. Differential toe brakes for steering are standard for both pilot and co-pilot with redundant brake master cylinders (4 in total).

The horizontal tail is made up of a stabilizer and elevator with tip balancing horns. All the control surfaces, except for the flaps and trim tab, are balanced, and all the surfaces, except for the rudder and fuselage aileron line, are controlled via push-pull rods. Standard engine is the well-known turbocharged engine Rotax 914UL2 but the injected (912iS2) and aspirated (912ULS2) version are also available. The standard propeller is a two blade fixed pitch wooden-composite



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wrapped Sensenich, with composite made propellers from the same brand also available in two and three bladed ground adjustable versions.

The total usable fuel is 28.8 Gal (109lt) while the entire fuel system runs below the cabin structure, protecting the occupants from the fuel lines, which consist of rigid hoses and AN fittings. The canopy forms an integral part of the upper radome sliding forward and aft with final closing achieved by pulling the canopy vertically down onto an automotive-type seal. Three latches and 4 pins secure the canopy to the radome ensuring the best sound proofing possible.

The Cabin offers newly designed seats and seat rails which are easily operated and adjustable fore and aft via a single handle with a reinforced area between the rails to make cabin access even easier. A roomy baggage compartment accommodates voluminous items with both external and internal access. A strong automotive seal is used on the baggage door and a courtesy lamp illuminates when this big door is opened. A newly designed and wide cockpit panel provides the largest choice of avionics. The avionics package always includes an iPad Mini with a built in application called "Tecnam Astore Owner app" containing a lot of relevant and useful information.



7.2. **Airframe**

The load carrying airframe is entirely made by light alloy with a wide use of 3D shaped sheet metal and machined components. The wing is attached via a carry through, made by a 2024T3 billet milled and bolted inside two main bulkheads. Firewall is directly riveted on the first frame via stainless steel rivets and is made by 0.4mm sheet. The tail-cone is built also in light alloy and is secured to the cabin structure by 4 caps and riveted side/lower skins. The airframe includes the formed structure for the baggage door frame and the parachute ropes ones. These, when the parachute is installed, completely hide the ropes giving the airplane an unique shape. All the front cabin section is riveted with flush 3.2mm solid rivets, unless some main spars such as the lower ones which are riveted using protruding head rivets. The tail-cone is riveted using pop rivets while the last bulkhead, carrying the loads coming from the tails, is riveted using 4mm solid rivets.

As written in the general description, the tails are made by light alloy and they are both made by fixed and movable surfaces, both balanced for elevator and rudder structures. All the hinges are made from machined 2024T3 series light alloy and rotate around ball bearings.

7.3. **Flight controls**

7.3.1. **Elevator**

The elevator control is made by push pull rods: a cabin rod connect directly the stick assembly with the intermediate lever while another rod connect the lever with the elevator. Both rods are made by 32mm light alloy tube with two ends made from billet which incorporate the ball bearing ends. The stick assembly is hinged on the third frame and is fully accessible and removable via dedicated access panels.



The movable surface is horn balanced at tips and rotates around 5 hinges with a central one incorporating also the control connection plate. The elevator is provided by a left side mounted, electrically operated trim tab with hat switch control on both left and right stick and a pilot/co-pilot selector switch.

7.3.2. **Rudder**

Rudder control is made by 2.5mm steel wire which connect the rudder pedals directly to the rudder, via 4 pulleys which deviate the path properly. A forward mounted rigid closing circuit allows the mechanical connection with LH and RH pedals. The control surface is entirely made by light alloy unless the lower part which is a carbon fiber reinforced matrix component. It rotates around two ball bearings and is provided by a fixed-ground adjustable trim tab.

7.3.3. **Aileron**

Aileron control, as Tecnam use to make on all Tecnam models, is made by two separate loops: a cabin closed-circuit, which connects the control stick with the rear rod, made by 2.5mm steel wire, and a wing-located line made by two control rods. This allows an easier assembly of wings without rigging the cabin wires and simply connecting the wing rods with the cabin one via a couple of bolts.

7.3.4. **Flaps**

Flap surface is controlled by an electrically operated actuator which acts directly on a torque tube connecting the LH and RH flap surfaces. They are slotted-type and entirely made by light alloy. The flap control switch is located on the cockpit panel and is easily accessible from the pilot and co-pilot. The flap actuator is accessible via a dedicated access panel and is possible to regulate it acting on two end-travel



switches. The flap position transmitter is located directly on the flap torque tube and shows the flap position directly on the Dynon D10 EMS (or inside the EMS monitor if different avionics suite is installed).

7.4. Instrument panel

The standard instrument panel is a wide light alloy sheet metal incorporating the flight instruments, the EMS and the avionics bay. In the standard configuration, the instrument panel is provided by:

- Magnetic compass;
- Airspeed indicator;
- Altimeter;
- Vertical Speed indicator;
- Sideslip indicator (ball);
- Dynon D10 EMS which incorporates:
 - rpm indicator;
 - hobbs recorder;
 - oil press;
 - oil temp;
 - CHT;
 - Differential fuel press;
 - voltmeter;
 - elevator trim position indicator;
 - flap position indicator;
 - LH/RH fuel level indicator;
- Ignition/Starter key;
- Master/Generator switch;
- Avionic master switch;
- Fuel pump switch;
- Flap switch;



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- LH/RH trim selector switch;
- Intercom switch;
- Strobe/Nav lights switches;
- Landing light switch;
- Throttle lever;
- Throttle friction knob;
- Cabin heat knob;
- iPad mini;
- ELT panel mounted switch (if installed);
- Aux generator switch (if installed);
- Annunciator Panel includes: Caution and boost lamps for TCU, Fuel Pump ON Light and ALT OUT (if installed).

Standard Rotax 914 UL2



nr	DESCRIPTION
1	Trim indicator
2	Airspeed
3	Available
4	Altimeter
5	Bank Indicator
6	Available
7	Vertical Speed
8	Mini IPAD

nr	DESCRIPTION
9	Dynon D10
10	ELT
11	Audio Panel
12	COM 1



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7.5. Engine and Propeller

This manual refers to the well-known turbocharged Engine Rotax 914UL2 but the injected (912iS2) and aspirated (912ULS2) version are also available. The standard propeller is a two blade fixed pitch wooden-composite wrapped Sensenich, with composite made propellers from the same brand also available in two and three bladed ground adjustable versions. All the propellers are installed using a spacer. The engine cowling is provided by two gull-wing doors which can be opened via two camlock per side. For further description of engine and related systems, refer to the Aircraft Maintenance Manual.

7.1. Electrical system

The electrical system schematic for this POH equipment is shown in the picture below. The schematic also includes equipment which are managed via dedicated Supplement as they are optionally provided. Refer to the Section No.10 - Marking and Placards, to know more about the breaker panel and their related value and function.



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8. Section No. 8 - Handling & Servicing

8.1. General

This section contains factory-recommended procedures for proper ground handling and routine care and servicing. It also identifies certain inspection and maintenance requirements. It is recommended to follow a planned schedule of lubrication and preventive maintenance based on climatic and flying conditions encountered locally.

The customer/operator is responsible to monitor the mail address supplied and the Tecnam Login page for being updated about:

- Latest revisions of manuals;
- Issue of Notification Letter;
- Issue of Service Bulletins;
- Issue of Safety Alerts;

The direct link to the Tecnam login page is:



<http://www.tecnam.com/Login.aspx>

Modifications on the aircraft not approved by Tecnam via a Service Bulletin or Job Card, or not performed by people and figures identified by Tecnam, could reduce the safety of the flight and for this reason any operation not allowed by Tecnam, or Maintenance practices



not followed as per Tecnam Astore AMM, will void the warranty on the airplane.

8.2. Aircraft inspection intervals

Scheduled inspections must be performed in accordance with the instructions addressed on the Aircraft Maintenance Manual and performed by the authorized figures indicated. Independently from the aircraft flight hours, an annual inspection has to be performed (yearly).

All required inspections on the airframe and aircraft systems are shown in the aircraft maintenance manual. Be aware that copies in latest revisions of engine, propeller and avionics maintenance manual should be part of the "aircraft files".

WARNING

unscheduled inspections/maintenance tasks are necessary when one or more of the following conditions occur:

1. Emergency/Hard Landing
2. Damage of propeller
3. Engine fire
4. Lightning
5. Flap actuating overspeed (more than 80kIAS from 0 to T/O position, more than 75kIAS from T/O to LND position)
6. Any other damage on the airframe and systems

8.3. Aircraft changes or repairs

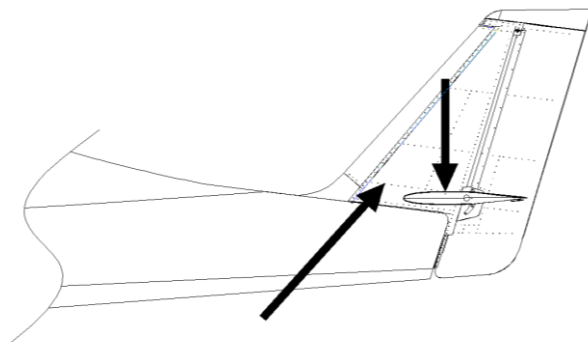
The AMM addresses any maintenance task to the proper level of certification such as owner, A&P, repairman and repair station. When



changes or repairs should be accomplished using a Job Card or Service Bulletin, the level of certification is addressed.

8.4. Towing

The easiest way to tow the aircraft is to pull it from the propeller root. The free casting nose wheel allow easy changes of direction during the aircraft towing. In order to allow maneuvers in small areas, such as inside an hangar, it is possible to push the aircraft down on the stabilizer root to lift the nose gear and rotate the aircraft pushing on the front fin spar as shown in the picture.



8.5. Parking and tie-down

Park the aircraft into the wind, engage the parking brake when chokes are not available. For prolonged parking time (more than one day), it is preferable to use chocks to avoid leaving the brake system in pressure. Ensure the control surfaces with lock pads and/or lock the stick using the safety belts. Make sure that everything is shut-down (master switches OFF and key removed) before closing the canopy. Cover the



aircraft if possible, protect the pitot-static tube and proceed to the tie down, accomplished by the use of ropes engaged under the tie down points below the wing, tailcone and if suitable also nose gear strut.

8.6. Servicing

This chapter provides useful information concerning the approved fuel and oil grades and specifications. In order to comply with all fluids to be used on Tecnam Astore aircraft, the suitable fluids for Brake system oil and coolant are also provided.

8.6.1. Fuel grades

Read more on fuel grades on ROTAX website and relevant Service Instructions such as SI-912-016 in its latest revision. Maximum Ethanol content allowed is 10%.

Fuel Specification 914UL2	
	Description
Anti knock properties	Min. RON95 (Min AKI* 91)
MOGAS Standard (EU)	EN 228 Super EN 228 Super plus
Aviation Standard	AVGAS 100LL (ASTM D910)

*AKI = (RON+MON)/2



8.6.2. Oil grades

Read more on oil grades on ROTAX website and relevant Service Instructions such as SI-912-016 in its latest revision.

Motor oil tested and released from BRP-Powertrain (for use with unleaded fuel or MOGAS) is:

Brand	Description	Specs	Viscosity	Code
SHELL	AeroShell Sport Plus 4	API SL	SAE 10W-40	2

Motor oil tested and released from BRP-Powertrain (for use with unleaded fuel or AVGAS) is:

Brand	Description	Specs	Viscosity	Code
SHELL	AeroShell Sport Plus 4	API SL	SAE 10W-40	2

CAUTION

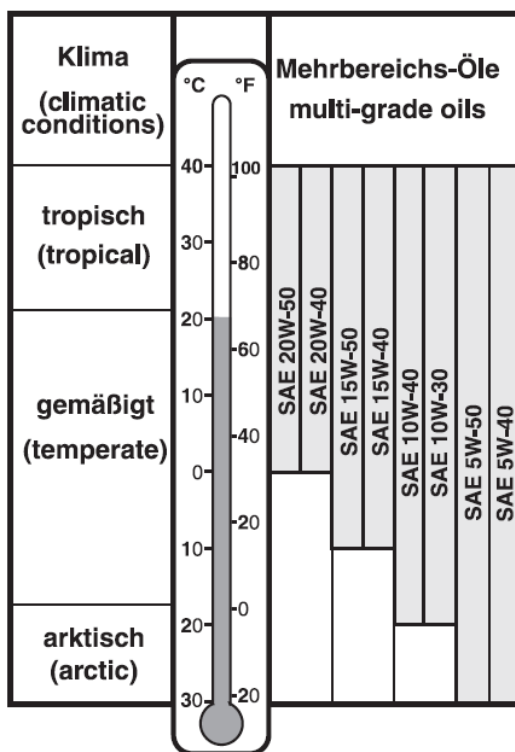
Some restrictions in terms of maintenance intervals are given if the engine is mainly operated with AVGAS. If the engine operates with AVGAS for more than 30% of its operating time, refer to the SI-912-016 and engine maintenance manual in order to know more on these additional maintenance intervals.

NOTE

Other oil brands and grades have been tested by ROTAX authorized distributors (not tested directly by ROTAX). In order to have the full list refer to the latest revision of SI-912-016 for both MOGAS and AVGAS suggested oil brands and grades.



The following viscosity table is a reference for the type of oil suitable on your ROTAX. Always refer to the ROTAX operator's and maintenance manual for complete information and always note that the following table is only a guideline: the oil pressure and temperature limitation should be always compliant to those shown in the Section no.2 of this POH and those reported in the ROTAX operator's manual.





8.6.3. Coolant

In principle, 2 different types of coolant are permitted:

- conventional coolant based on ethylene glycol with 50% water content;
- waterless coolant based on propylene glycol (not allowed for all Engines affected by ROTAX SB-914-047UL - latest issue)

Tecnam installation and test flight are performed using a mixture of Selenia Paraflu (80%) and distilled water (20%). Other coolant brands are recommended by ROTAX authorized distributors to be used mixed with 50% of distilled water:

Marke / brand	Bezeichnung / description
BASF®	Glysantin Protect Plus/G48
CASTROL®	Antifreeze All-Climate
CASTROL®	Antifreeze Anti-Boil
OMV®	OMV Coolant Plus
PETROL®	Antifreeze Concentrate / Antifreeze G 11
PRESTONE®	DEX-COOL extended life
PRESTONE®	50/50 preluded DEX-COOL extended life
SHELL®	DEX-COOL
SHELL®	Antifreeze Concentrate
TEXACO®	Havoline Extended Life Antifreeze /
VELVANA®	FRIDEX G49
YACCO®	LR-35

NOTE

In order to have the full list refer to the latest revision of SI-912-016



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8.6.4. Brake oil

The allowed oil to be used in the braking system is:

MIL-H-5606

WARNING

DOT5-1, DOT3 and DOT4 must be avoided as they will cause immediate damage on the seals.



8.7. Cleaning and Care

8.7.1. General notes

This chapter shows and describe how to have the correct care of your Tecnam Astore aircraft. Before illustrate how to clean the aircraft main parts, it is important to briefly describe how to take care of air-frame against corrosion in some climates. Tecnam strongly recommend the use of:

ACF-50

This product is almost worldwide available and has an incredible effect against the corrosion accretion.



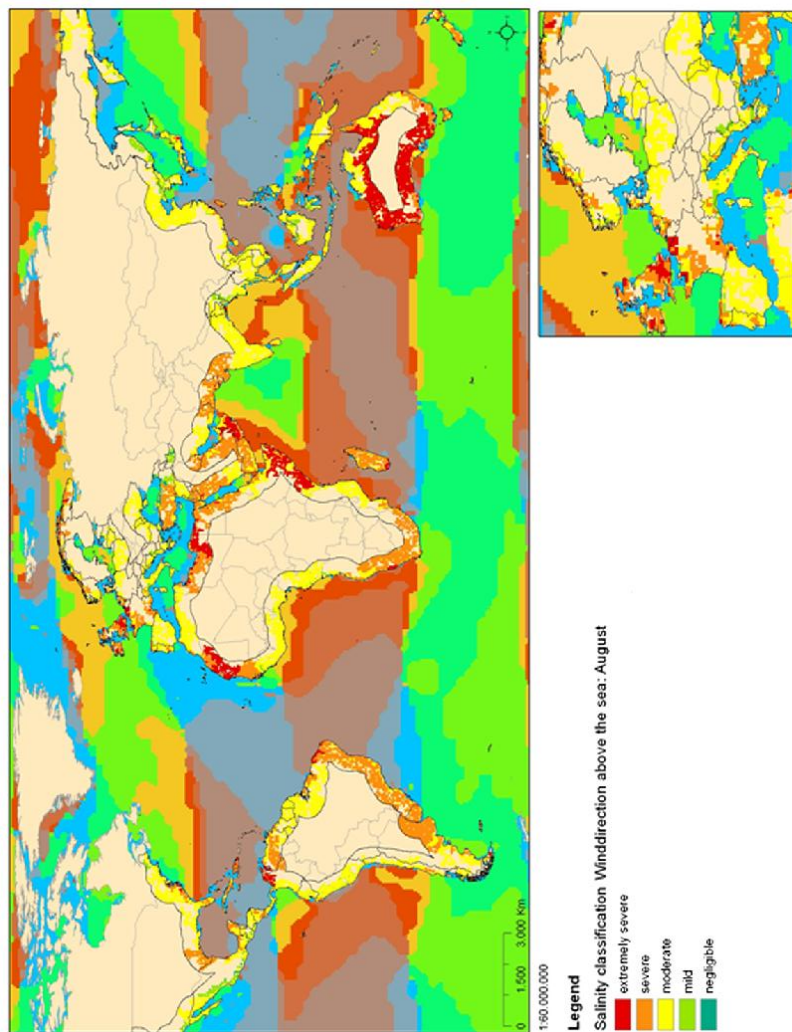
The Tecnam Service Bulletin N°19-LSA describes how to use the compound. In order to know more about the anti-corrosion treatment, refer to the relevant AMM sections.

The following world map (source SPIE digital library) can give an idea where special care against corrosion has to be taken into account.



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8.7.2. **Windows**

For windows cleaning, it is allowed the use of products employed for glass and Plexiglas surfaces cleaning.

8.7.3. **External surfaces**

Aircraft surface is cleaned with soapy water; they are not allowed solvents or alcohol based products. Insects must be removed using hot water, preferably immediately after landing. It is advisable to avoid outside aircraft parking for long periods; it is always convenient to keep the aircraft in the hangar.

8.7.4. **Propeller**

To preserve its functionality avoiding wear, the propeller manufacturer uses, for external surface painting, an acrylic paint which is resistant to all solvents. In any case it is advisable to clean the propeller using exclusively soapy water or de-natured alcohol.

8.7.5. **Engine**

Engine cleaning is part of the scheduled maintenance. Refer to the engine manufacturer Maintenance Manual for operating and for planning its cleaning.

8.7.6. **Internal surfaces**

Interiors must be cleaned with a rate of 3 to 6 months. Any object present in the cabin (like pens, lost property, maps etc) must be removed. The instrumentation as a whole must be cleaned with a humid cloth; plastic surfaces can be cleaned with suitable products. For parts not easily accessible, perform cleaning with a small brush; seats must be cleaned with a humid cloth.



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9. Section No. 9 - Supplements

Aircraft S/N: _____		Marks: _____		Date: _____		
TECNAM ASTORE SUPPLEMENT LIST						
Supp. No.	Title	Rev.	Date	APPLICABLE		Mark if installed
				YES	NO	
S1	Garmin G3X avionics package	01	03/25/14	•		
S2	Garmin GSA28 based autopilot with GMC305 mode controller	00	02/18/14	Required S1		
S3	Garmin GTX23 Mode S remote mounted transponder	00	02/18/14	Required S1		
S4	Garmin ADS-B unit	00	02/18/14	Required S1+S3		
S5	Garmin GMA240 audio panel	00	02/18/14	•		
S6	Garmin GTR200 COM	00	02/18/14	•		
S7	GAP26 AOA	00	02/18/14	Required S1 for AOA indic.		
S8	ELT Artex ME406	00	02/25/14	•		
S9	Variable Pitch Propeller	00	04/13/17	•		



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Record of revisions

Any revision to the Supplements is recorded: a Record of Revisions is provided at the front of this Supplement List and the operator is advised to make sure that the record is kept up-to-date.

The revision code is numerical and consists of the number "0"; subsequent revisions are identified by the change of the code from "0" to "1" for the first revision to the basic publication, "2" for the second one, etc.

These pages will be updated to the current regular revision date.

NOTE: It is the responsibility of the owner to maintain this handbook in a current status when it is being used for operational purposes.



List of effective pages

The List of Supplements' Effective Pages (LOSEP), applicable to manuals of every operator, lists all the basic Supplement pages.

Pages affected by the current revision are indicated by an asterisk (*) following the revision code.

Supplement	Pages	Revision
S1	1 thru 13	01
S2	1 thru 11	00
S3	1 thru 7	00
S4	1 thru 6	00
S5	1 thru 7	00
S6	1 thru 8	00

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1.1. Supplement S1 - Garmin G3X avionics suite

SUPPLEMENT S1 GARMIN G3X AVIONICS SUITE

WARNING

This supplement must be inserted into the POH if the equipment described is installed onboard

Revision n. **01**
Date: **03/25/2014**



1.1.1. S1 - 1 - General

This Supplement shows the main features, characteristics and procedures to operate the Garmin G3X avionics suite. The operator must be fully aware of all the official documentation provided by GARMIN concerning the system.

WARNING

Download the Pilot's Guide and read it carefully before start operating the Garmin AFCS on your Tecnam Astore. Latest revision of Garmin Pilot's Guide (P/N 190-01115-00L) must be carried onboard.

G3X suite is available with 7 inches or 10 inches screens. The 7 inches version can be supplied with three screens and is soft-buttons operated, while the 10 inches is only available in dual screens configuration and is mixed touch screen-soft buttons and knob operated. This suite offer the most wide flight and engine management information provision, but also information like fuel management, flap and trim position and GPS based data are available. In this Supplement, only the most relevant information concerning the G3X suite are shown, while it is pilot's (operator's) responsibility to be fully aware of the system functions, operating limitations and also, but not less important, the pilot must be always aware of his own capability in using an high integrated-high information providing unit. For this reason, a deep training with experienced flight instructor is considered as mandatory before starting the use of a Tecnam Astore equipped with a G3X suite.



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NOTE

Even if all the flight data are provided inside the G3X suite, and even if, according with ASTM F2245-11 Sect. A2 the data provided can be sufficient to fly the properly equipped Tecnam Astore at Night (where approved), Tecnam install a back-up analogue airspeed indicator and altimeter. The back-up of attitude and air data is also provided via a dual ADAHRS (GSU25) installation.

The system components are described in the Section S1-7, while in order to be fully aware of the system features it is mandatory to read the Garmin manuals available on the web at the link below:



<http://www.garmin.com/en-US/explore/intheair/>

NOTE

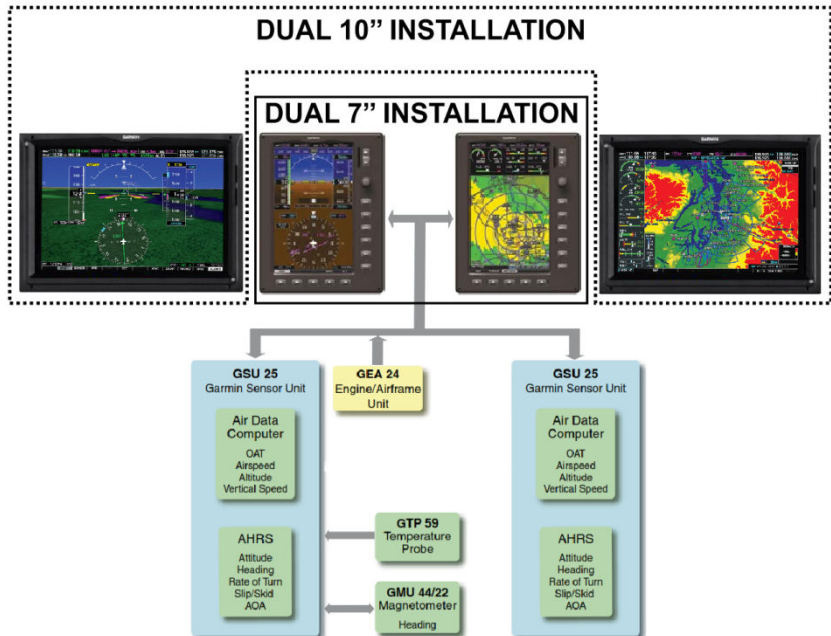
The system layout as installed on Tecnam Astore, basic G3X configuration is shown below. Refer to the relevant Supplement(s) in order to know more about the additional units such as radio, transponder, autopilot, ADS-B, heated pitot and so on, that can be interfaced with G3X.



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Tecnam Astore G3X suite basic configuration layout



NOTE

when the G3X suite is installed, the aircraft is provided with an EFIS SWITCH. As soon as the MASTER and the EFIS switches are ON, the displays will load the software.



1.1.2. S1 - 2 - Limitations

The following limitation shall apply when the Tecnam Astore is equipped with Garmin G3X avionics suite, in addition to the standard POH Sect.2 and to those coming from the latest Garmin pilot's and installation documentation:

- 1) If installed, the G3X Terrain Proximity feature is NOT intended to be used as a primary reference for terrain avoidance and does not relieve the pilot from the responsibility of being aware of surroundings during flight;
- 2) During flight operations, carefully compare indications from the G3X to all available navigation sources, including the information from other NAVAIDs, visual sightings, charts, etc;
- 3) The displayed minimum safe altitudes (MSAs) are only advisory in nature and should not be relied upon as the sole source of obstacle and terrain avoidance information. Always refer to current aeronautical charts for appropriate minimum clearance altitudes;
- 4) Always use pressure altitude displayed by the G3X PFD when determining or selecting aircraft altitude;
- 5) Do not use outdated database information;
- 6) Do not use basemap (land and water data) information for primary navigation;
- 7) Do not use the approach information provided by the VFR navigation database residing within the G3X as a means of navigating any instrument approach;
- 8) The G3X Fuel Calculator and/or Fuel Range Rings are NOT intended to be relied upon as the primary fuel indicator(s), and does not relieve the pilot from the responsibility of proper flight planning;
- 9) Even if back-up instruments are fully operative, if error or system inoperative messages should appear, Tecnam recom-



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mends to solve the issue before flying in order to avoid mis-reading of data coming from avionics and back-up instruments;



1.1.3. **S1 - 3 - Emergency procedures**

Refer to the standard POH Sect No.3 - Emergency procedures, to manage the overvoltage/generator failure. Note that, if the G3X suite is installed on your Tecnam Astore, the monitoring of LANE A Volt, LANE B Volt and battery charge voltage are displayed on the G3X MFD.

1.1.4. **S1 - 4 - Normal procedures**

When the Tecnam Astore is equipped with Garmin G3X avionic suite, in addition to the standard POH Sect.4, there is the EFIS/EMS switch to be turned ON to power the units.

NOTE

Download the Pilot's Guide and read it carefully before start operating the Garmin G3X avionic suite on your Tecnam Astore. Latest revision of Garmin Pilot's Guide (P/N 190-01115-00L) must be carried onboard.

1.1.5. **S1 - 5 - Performances**

Garmin AFCS employment does not affect the aircraft performances.



POH

Ed.1 Rev.1

1.1.6. S1 - 6 - Weight and Balance

When installed, the Garmin a/p is composed by the following units/components (Arm in reference with the propeller flange without spacer:

Description	Weight [kg]	Arm [mt]	Moment
34 - NAVIGATION			
7" single display unit	0.85	1.41	1.20
10" single display unit	2.11	1.41	2.98
GSU 25 ADAHRS	0.35	2.85	1.00
GSU 25 ADAHRS - second unit	0.35	2.97	1.00
GEA 24 EIS	0.75	1.27	1.00
GTP 59 OAT probe	0.06	2.12	0.10
GMU 22 magnetometer	0.31	5.23	1.60
Wiring assembly, switches, breakers and rel. components	6.00	2.19	13.1



1.1.6.1. Equipment List

If the Garmin G3X avionics suite is installed, the related equipment list (and related equipment necessary to fly according LSA requirements, DAY and NIGHT conditions) is following illustrated:

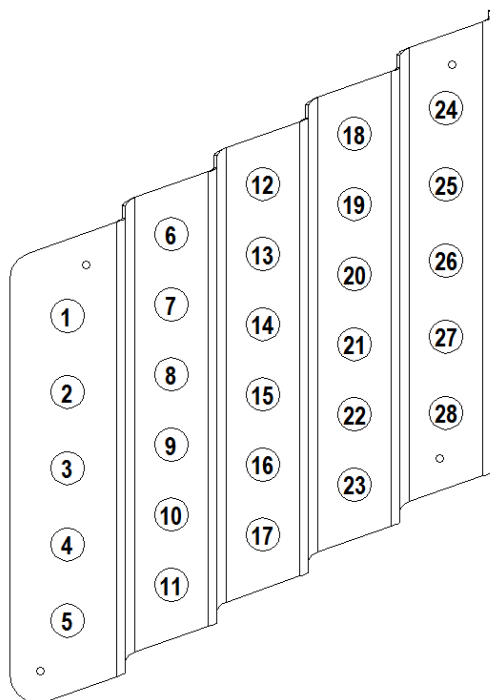
ITEM	Description	Standard Optional Mandatory*	Weight [kg]	Arm [mt]
	24 - ELECTRICAL POWER			
	External alternator - 40A	O	3.50	0.09
	Battery - Spark500*	O	4.90	0.70
	Battery - Alliant X3	S - M	1.00	0.70
	34 - NAVIGATION			
	Compass (pedestal mounted)	S - M	0.30	1.37
	Compass (as displayed inside the G3X)	S	0	0
	Airspeed indicator - analogue back up	S - M	0.40	1.37
	Altitude indicator - analogue back up	S - M	0.40	1.37
	GARMIN G3X EMS display information	S - M	0.80	1.41
	GARMIN G3X flight and attitude display information	S - VFRN	0.80	1.41
	77 - ENGINE INDICATING			
	MAP indicator	O	0.40	1.38
	Garmin G3X EMS display (replaces Dynon D-10 EMS)	S - M	0.80	1.41

*The Spark 500 battery is required when the aircraft is operated with 912iS engine



1.1.1. S1 - 7 - System description

When installed, the G3X avionic suite components require a completely dedicated electrical system with circuit breakers following illustrated:





POH

Ed.1 Rev.1

N°	Amps rating	description	N°	Amps rating	Description
1	25	Battery	15	7.5	Autopilot
2	25	Generator	16	10	12V Socket
3	7½	Instruments	17	3	ADS-B
4	5	Instr. Light	18	5	MFD
5	5	Bagg.Comp. Lt.	19	2	ADAHRS
6	7½	Flap	20	10	COM
7	3	Trim	21	4	NAV
8	20	Pitot	22	5	AUDIO P.
9	7½	Strobe Light	23	5	XPDR
10	3	Nav Light	24	AV.	Spare
11	3	LND Light	25	AV.	Spare
12	5	PFD	26	AV.	Spare
13	2	ADARHS	27	AV.	Spare
14	2	EIS	28	AV.	Spare

Following the basic panel layout is shown when it is installed with ROTAX 912ULS:



N°	description	N°	Description
1	EFIS Master	8	Ignition key
2	PFD	9	Master-Gen switch
3	MFD	10	Flap switch
4	Light dimmers	11	Cabin heat knob
5	Back-up airspeed indicator	12	Landing Light
6	Available	13	Strobe Light
7	Altitude indicator	14	NAV Light
15	Fuel Pump switch		



POH

Ed.1 Rev.1

Following the basic panel layout is shown when it is installed with ROTAX 912i Series engine:



N°	description	N°	Description	N°	Description
1	EFIS Master	9	Cabin heat knob	17	Start PWR switch
2	PFD	10	Back-up batt. Sw.	18	LANE A switch
3	912iS annunciator panel	11	Landing Light	19	LANE B switch
4	MFD	12	Strobe Light	20	FUEL P.1 switch
5	Back-up airspeed indicator	13	NAV Light	21	FUEL P.2 switch
6	Altitude indicator	14	Instrument light	22	//
7	Available	15	Master key	23	//
8	Flap switch	16	Starter button	24	//



POH

Ed.1 Rev.0

1.1. Supplement S2 - Garmin autopilot

SUPPLEMENT S2 GARMIN AUTOMATIC FLIGHT CON- TROL SYSTEM

WARNING

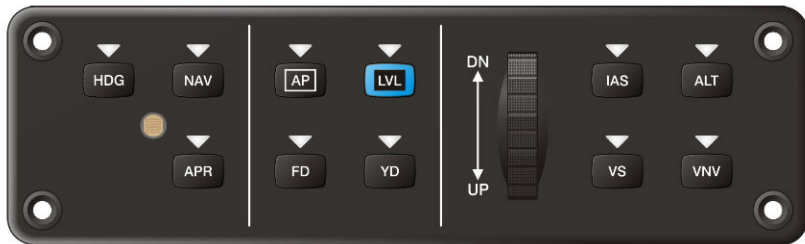
This supplement must be inserted into the POH if the equipment described is installed onboard

Revision n. **00**
Date: **02/18/2014**



1.1.1. S2 - 1 - General

This Supplement shows the main features, characteristics and procedures to operate the Garmin AFCS. The operator must be fully aware of all the official documentation provided by GARMIN concerning the autopilot system.



NOTE

Download the Pilot's Guide and read it carefully before start operating the Garmin AFCS on your Tecnam Astore. Latest revision of Garmin Pilot's Guide must be carried onboard.

G3X suite can communicate with Garmin AFCS. On Tecnam Astore the GMC305 mode controlled is installed to provide the most flexible way to control the autopilot modes and functions. The GMC305 is installed on the lower LH panel section together with the a/p master switch.

Tecnam Astore installation provides the installation of pitch and roll servos. No yaw damper is required due to the high directional stability. Servos are connected to the control system via rigid rods. No pulleys or cable are installed so that the maintenance is easier and inspections immediate.





1.1.2. S2 - 2 - Limitations

The following limitation shall apply when the Tecnam Astore is equipped with Garmin AFCS, in addition to the standard POH Sect.2:

- 1) The AFCS can be operated in the 70-115kIAS airspeed range, according with the placard on the cockpit panel;
- 2) The autopilot must not be used for final approach procedure. In order to know more about the APR modes for LOC/ILS approaches refer to the latest Garmin Pilot's Guide;
- 3) During autopilot operations the pilot must remain seated on its place with safety belts secured, continuously monitoring the flight instruments;
- 4) The use of autopilot with flap extended more than T/O position is forbidden;
- 5) A/P MASTER SWITCH must be OFF during takeoff and final approach (decision height 200'AGL);
- 6) Autopilot must be operated during normal cruise and descent only above 1.000ft
- 7) Limitation placard:

AUTOPILOT LIMITATIONS

- speed range: 70-115kIAS
- during approach, disconnect below 200'AGL
- fasten seat belts and monitor the instruments during a/p oper.
- do not extend flaps over T/O position during a/p oper.
- operate a/p during cruise and descent only above 1.000'AGL

- 8) Do not set parameters in terms of vertical speed which go above the climb rates shown in the Section no.5

1.1.3. S2 - 3 - Emergency procedures

The following emergency procedures shall apply when the Tecnam Astore is equipped with Garmin AFCS, in addition to the standard POH Sect.3:



CAUTION

In event of autopilot malfunction, or when the system is not performing as expected or commanded, take immediately the aircraft control disconnecting the autopilot which must be set inoperative until the failure has been identified and corrected

1.1.3.1.Failure to hold selected function

Control stick	GRASP firmly to override the a/p servos
A/P master switch	OFF
Aircraft control	Establish

NOTE

The elevator trim is completely separated from the autopilot control line, so it can be operated even if a/p master switch is OFF



1.1.4. S2 - 4 - Normal procedures

The following normal procedures shall apply when the Tecnam Astore is equipped with Garmin AFCS, in addition to the standard POH Sect.4:

NOTE

Download the Pilot's Guide and read it carefully before start operating the Garmin AFCS on your Tecnam Astore. Latest revision of Garmin Pilot's Guide must be carried onboard.

WARNING

The vertical speed mode is used to establish and hold a PILOT selected vertical speed. It is the responsibility of the pilot to ensure that the vertical speed selection is within the operating limits of the aircraft's capabilities. Selection of a vertical speed beyond the capability of the aircraft can create a condition of reduced airspeed, and possibly lead to a stall condition.

1.1.5. S2 - 5 - Performances

Garmin AFCS employment does not affect the aircraft performances.



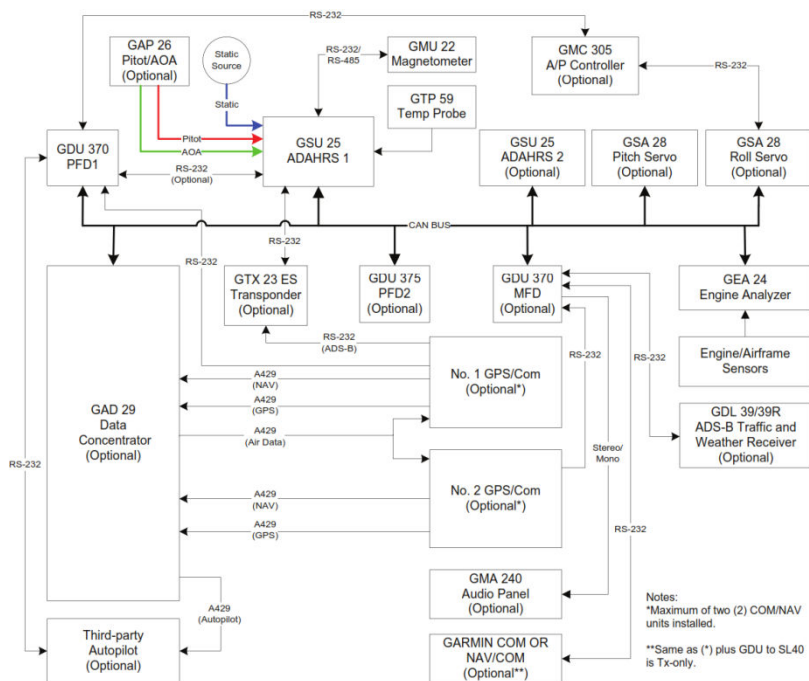
1.1.6. S2 - 6 - Weight and Balance

When installed, the Garmin a/p is composed by the following units/components (Arm in reference with the propeller flange without spacer:

Description	Weight [kg]	Arm [mt]	Moment
22 - AUTO FLIGHT			
Garmin Autopilot GMC305 Mode Controller	0.30	1.46	0.44
Garmin GSA28 elevator servo	0.70	3.47	2.43
Garmin GSA28 roll servo	0.70	2.40	1.68
Elevator servo control rod	0.15	3.62	0.54
Roll servo control rod	0.10	2.44	0.24
Wiring	2.00	2.16	4.40
TOTALS	3.95		9.73

1.1.1. S2 - 7 - System description

The Garmin autopilot logic schematic is following illustrated. As shown, the main autopilot components are the G3X displays (where the information is shown), the GMC305 mode controller, the elevator and roll servos. The Tecnam Astore also includes the interface components such as a/p master switch, control rods and related components.



The Tecnam Astore is equipped with external AP DISC button (on the control stick), and with an AP MASTER switch. It is not provided with T/O - GO AROUND mode switch. This must be taken into account when performing the procedures described in the Garmin Pilot's guide. The main control button functions of GMC305 are:

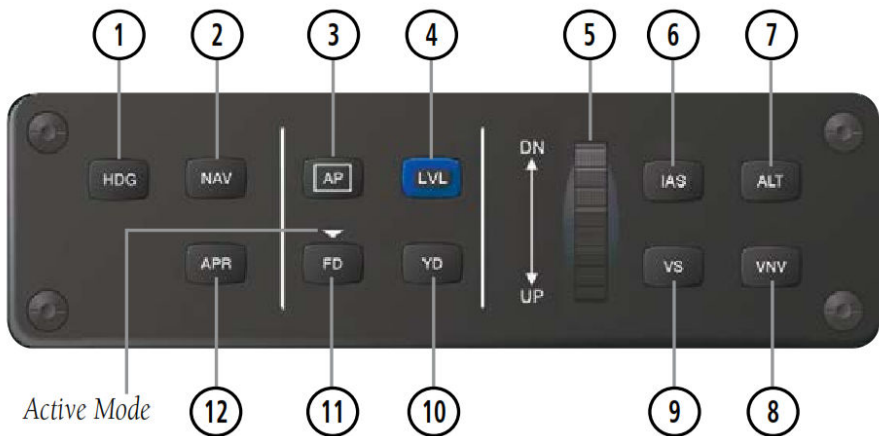
- 1) Heading Select Mode;
- 2) Navigation Mode;
- 3) AP engage/disengage;
- 4) LEVEL mode;



POH

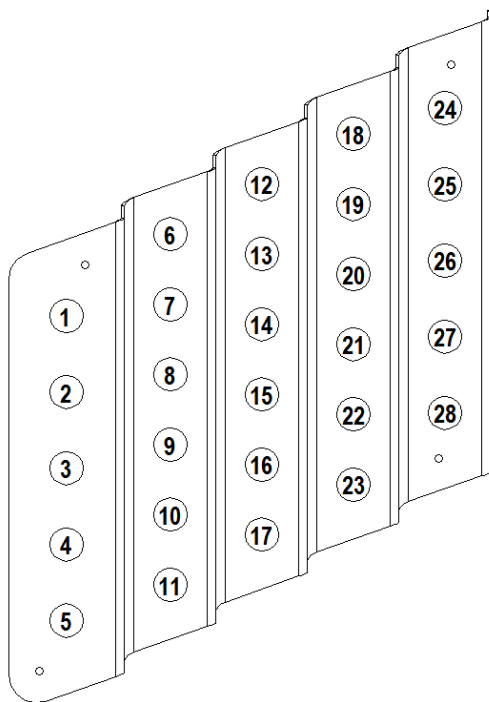
Ed.1 Rev.0

- 5) Nose UP/DN wheel to adjust the mode reference in pitch hold, vertical speed, indicated airspeed, and altitude hold;
- 6) IAS Mode select/deselect;
- 7) ALT Mode select/deselect;
- 8) VNV Mode select/deselect;
- 9) VS Mode select/deselect;
- 10) YAW DAMPER - NOT ACTIVE;
- 11) Flight Director Mode select/deselect;
- 12) APR Mode select/deselect;





In addition to those circuit breakers used for G3X avionics suite, the autopilot installation requires an additional breaker located in the position 15 as shown below:





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N°	Amps rating	description	N°	Amps rating	Description
1	25	Battery	15	5	Autopilot
2	25	Generator	16	10	12V Socket
3	7½	Instruments	17	AV.	Spare
4	5	Instr. Light	18	5	MFD
5	5	Bagg.Comp. Lt.	19	2	ADAHRS
6	7½	Flap	20	AV.	Spare
7	3	Trim	21	AV.	Spare
8	AV.	Spare	22	AV.	Spare
9	7½	Strobe Light	23	AV.	Spare
10	3	Nav Light	24	AV.	Spare
11	10	LND Light	25	AV.	Spare
12	5	PFD	26	AV.	Spare
13	2	ADARHS	27	AV.	Spare
14	2	EIS	28	AV.	Spare

1.1. **Supplement S3 - Garmin GTX23 Mode S xtr**

SUPPLEMENT S3
**GARMIN GTX 23 MODE S REMOTELY
MOUNTED TRANSPONDER**

WARNING

This supplement must be inserted into the POH if the equipment described is installed onboard

Revision n. **00**
Date: **02/18/2014**



POH

Ed.1 Rev.0

1.1.1. S3 - 1 - General

This Supplement shows the main features, characteristics and procedures to operate the Garmin GTX transponder. The operator must be fully aware of all the official documentation provided by GARMIN concerning the system.

NOTE

Download the Pilot's Guide and read it carefully before start operating the Garmin integrated transponder on your Tecnam Astore. Latest revision of Garmin Pilot's Guide must be carried onboard.

G3X suite can communicate with Garmin GTX 23 remote transponder unit. The proper button allows to enter the standard xtr functions such as code insertion and mode.

1.1.2. S3 - 2 - Limitations

Garmin GTX 23 employment does not affect the aircraft limitations.

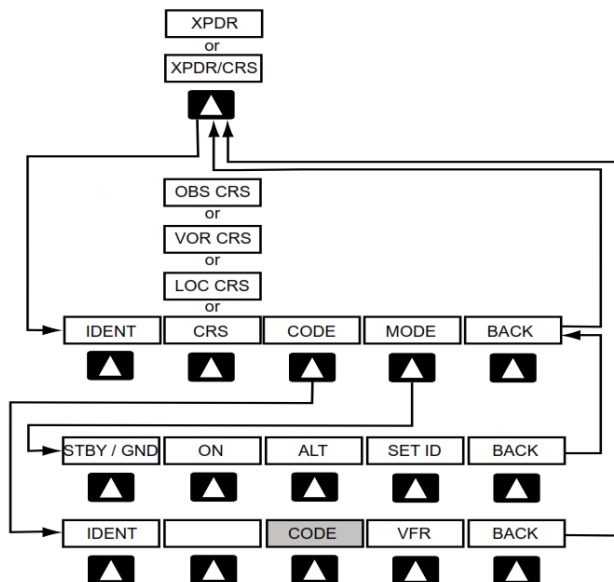


1.1.3. S3 - 3 - Emergency procedures

Garmin GTX 23 employment does not affect the aircraft emergency procedures. Refer to the current national requirement in terms of emergency codes and inoperative transponder conditions.

1.1.4. S3 - 4 - Normal procedures

When operating with G3X suite, the xtr employment is very easy and intuitive. It is only required to go through a "button flow" to set the xtr menu, the several functions as ident, crs, code, mode and "back", sub-functions regarding the operating mode and "code" sub-functions. Following a most clear flow schematic:





POH

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1.1.5. S3 - 5 - Performances

Garmin GTX 23 employment does not affect the aircraft performances.

1.1.6. S3 - 6 - Weight and Balance

When installed, the Garmin GTX 23 remotely mounted transponder is composed by the following units/components (Arm in reference with the propeller flange without spacer:

Description	Weight [kg]	Arm [mt]	Moment
23 - COMMUNICATIONS			
Garmin GTX 23 remote unit	2.20	3.45	7.60
Wiring	2.00	2.16	4.30
Transponder antenna	0.10	1.83	0.20
TOTALS	4.30		12.10



1.1.1. S3 - 7 - System description

The transponder system, when installed, is composed by the unit rack, the antenna and the G3X suite (control display). The remotely mounted unit (shown in the picture below), is connected to the rear cabin section, in correspondence with the parachute container structure. The access to the rack is possible after dismounting the rear baggage compartment vertical wall.

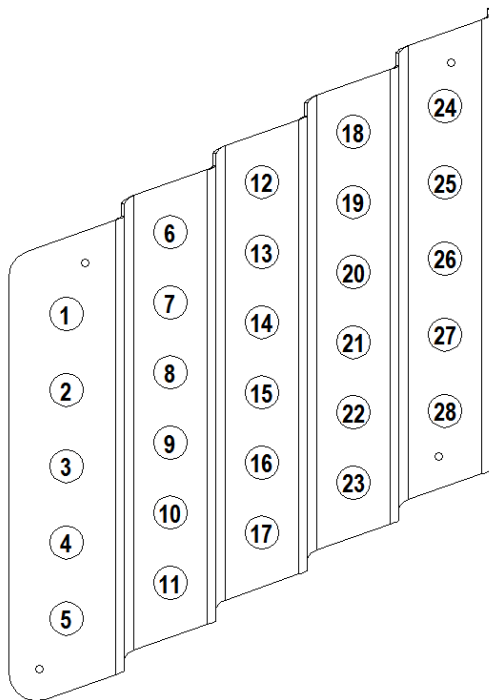




POH

Ed.1 Rev.0

In addition to those circuit breakers used for G3X avionics suite, the GTX 23 Mode S transponder installation requires an additional breaker located in the position 23 as shown below:





POH

Ed.1 Rev.0

N°	Amps rating	description	N°	Amps rating	Description
1	25	Battery	15	AV.	Spare
2	25	Generator	16	10	12V Socket
3	7½	Instruments	17	AV.	Spare
4	5	Instr. Light	18	5	MFD
5	5	Bagg.Comp. Lt.	19	2	ADARHS
6	7½	Flap	20	AV.	Spare
7	3	Trim	21	AV.	Spare
8	AV.	Spare	22	AV.	Spare
9	7½	Strobe Light	23	5	XPDR
10	3	Nav Light	24	AV.	Spare
11	10	LND Light	25	AV.	Spare
12	5	PFD	26	AV.	Spare
13	2	ADARHS	27	AV.	Spare
14	2	EIS	28	AV.	Spare



POH

Ed.1 Rev.0

1.1. Supplement S4 - Garmin ADS-B unit

SUPPLEMENT S4 **GARMIN ADS-B UNIT**

WARNING

This supplement must be inserted into the POH if the equipment described is installed onboard

Revision n. **00**
Date: **02/18/2014**



1.1.1. S4 - 1 - General

This Supplement shows the main features, characteristics and procedures to operate the Garmin ADS-B (Automatic Dependent Surveillance-Broadcast) unit on Tecnam Astore aircraft.

NOTE

Download the Pilot's Guide and read it carefully before start operating the Garmin ADS-B unit on your Tecnam Astore. Latest revision of Garmin Pilot's Guide must be carried onboard.

1.1.2. S4 - 2 - Limitations

Garmin ADS-B probe employment does not affect the aircraft limitations.

NOTE

The ADS-B unit and related capabilities are not available for all countries worldwide, but only where the ground stations network operates. Check the service availability before operating the system.

WARNING

Do not use data link weather information for maneuvering in, near, or around areas of hazardous weather. Information contained within data link weather products may not accurately depict current weather conditions.



WARNING

Do not rely solely upon the display of traffic information for collision avoidance maneuvering. The traffic display does not provide collision avoidance resolution advisories and does not under any circumstances or conditions relieve the pilot's responsibility to see and avoid other aircraft.

1.1.3. S4 - 3 - Emergency procedures

Garmin ADS-B probe employment does not affect the aircraft emergency procedures.

1.1.4. S4 - 4 - Normal procedures

When installed (together with a Mode S transponder), configured and activated, the ADS-B unit is able to receive signals of other traffic and weather stations (where the service is available). Also, the system provides the uplink of the aircraft position and altitude to the other airplanes.

NOTE

Download the Pilot's Guide and read it carefully before start operating the Garmin ADS-B on your Tecnam Astore. Latest revision of Garmin Pilot's Guide must be carried onboard.

1.1.5. S4 - 5 - Performances

Garmin ADS-B probe employment does not affect the aircraft performances.



1.1.6. S4 - 6 - Weight and Balance

Garmin ADS-B system consists in a GDL-39R, remotely mounted unit, which interfaces with G3X screen(s). The unit weight and position is shown below:

Description	Weight [kg]	Arm [mt]	Moment
34 - NAVIGATION			
GDL 39R unit	0.25	1.27	0.32
ADS-B antenna	0.10	3.00	0.30
ADS-B wiring	0.60	1.40	0.84
TOTALS	0.95		1.46

1.1.7. S4 - 7 - System description



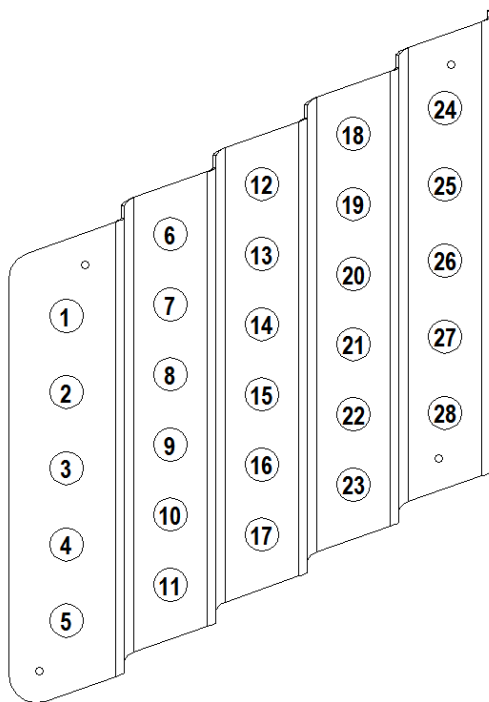
The remote-mountable version of the product, the GDL 39R, provides subscription-free U.S. weather and traffic information, complete with TargetTrend™ relative motion and SURF technologies, to your experimental or light sport aircraft's G3X flight display. It can also simultaneously connect to two other devices – like a Garmin aviation portable or mobile device running Garmin Pilot – using a wireless Bluetooth® connection.



POH

Ed.1 Rev.0

In addition to those circuit breakers used for G3X avionics suite and GTX 23 Mode S Transponder, the ADS-B installation requires an additional breaker located in the position 17 as shown below:





POH

Ed.1 Rev.0

N°	Amps rating	description	N°	Amps rating	Description
1	25	Battery	15	AV.	Spare
2	25	Generator	16	10	12V Socket
3	7½	Instruments	17	3	ADS-B
4	5	Instr. Light	18	5	MFD
5	5	Bagg.Comp. Lt.	19	2	ADARHS
6	7½	Flap	20	AV.	Spare
7	3	Trim	21	AV.	Spare
8	AV.	Spare	22	AV.	Spare
9	7½	Strobe Light	23	5	XPDR
10	3	Nav Light	24	AV.	Spare
11	10	LND Light	25	AV.	Spare
12	5	PFD	26	AV.	Spare
13	2	ADARHS	27	AV.	Spare
14	2	EIS	28	AV.	Spare



POH

Ed.1 Rev.0

1.1. Supplement S5 - Garmin GMA240 audio panel

SUPPLEMENT S5

GARMIN GMA 240 AUDIO PANEL

WARNING

This supplement must be inserted into the POH if the equipment described is installed onboard

Revision n. **00**

Date: **02/18/2014**



1.1.1. S5 - 1 - General

This Supplement shows the main features, characteristics and procedures to operate the Garmin GMA240 Audio Panel. The operator must be fully aware of all the official documentation provided by GARMIN concerning the autopilot system.



NOTE

Download the Pilot's Guide and read it carefully before start operating the Garmin GMA240 on your Tecnam Astore. Latest revision of Garmin Pilot's Guide must be carried onboard.

The Garmin GMA 240 is a headphones only audio control panel. Pushbutton keys control audio selection of COM, NAV, telephone (TEL - not active on Tecnam Astore), and intercom. Two AUX inputs are available for additional avionics or audio devices. LED annunciators indicate when a key function is selected. Annunciator brightness is adjusted automatically by photocell dimming. LED-illuminated key brightness is adjusted by the radio dimming bus control. In case power is interrupted or the unit is turned off, a fail-safe circuit connects the Pilot's headset, microphone, and PTT directly to COM 1 and the fail-safe alert audio, such as an autopilot disconnect tone. In addition to



radio squelch circuitry, MASQ™ (Master Avionics Squelch) processing further reduces ambient noise from the avionics inputs.

When installed, the GMA240 is activated/shut-down by the AVIONIC MASTER SWITCH.

1.1.2. **S5 - 2 - Limitations**

Garmin GMA 240 employment does not affect the aircraft limitations.

1.1.3. **S5 - 3 - Emergency procedures**

Garmin GMA 240 employment does not affect the aircraft emergency procedures.

1.1.4. **S5 - 4 - Normal procedures**

The following normal procedures shall apply when the Tecnam Astore is equipped with Garmin GMA 240, in addition to the standard POH Sect.4:

NOTE

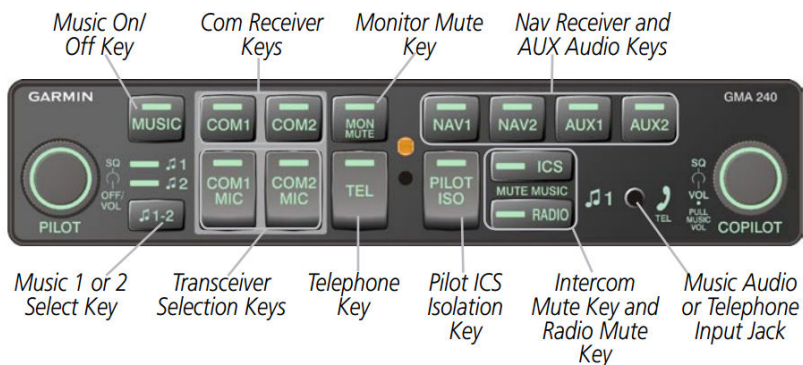
Download the Pilot's Guide and read it carefully before start operating the Garmin AFCS on your Tecnam Astore. Latest revision of Garmin Pilot's Guide must be carried onboard.

The basic functions and soft buttons are shown in the picture below. As soon as selected, each function is illuminated with a self-dimming LED.



POH

Ed.1 Rev.0



1.1.5. S5 - 5 - Performances

Garmin GMA 240 employment does not affect the aircraft performances.



1.1.6. S5 - 6 - Weight and Balance

When installed, the Garmin GMA 240 is composed by the following units/components (Arm in reference with the propeller flange without spacer:

Description	Weight [kg]	Arm [mt]	Moment
23 - COMMUNICATIONS			
Garmin GMA 240 audio panel & mounting rack	0.68	1.32	0.90
Wiring	1.30	1.30	1.70
TOTALS	1.98		2.60

1.1.1. S5 - 7 - System description

The Garmin GMA 240 Audio Panel is not a TSO-certified product and has received no FAA approval or endorsement.

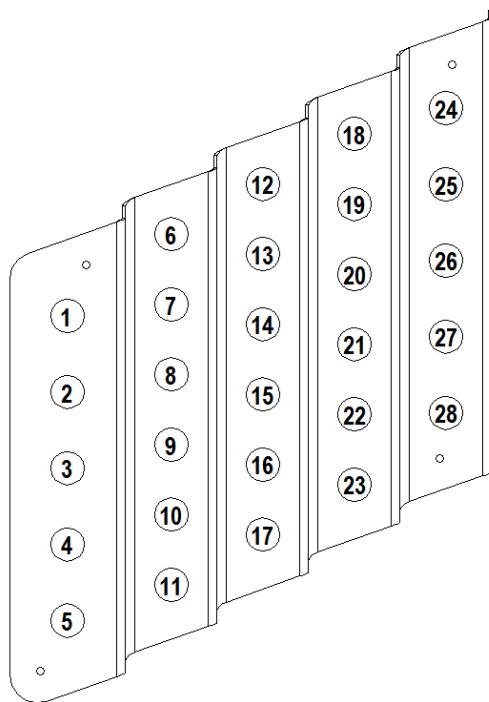
The GMA 240 meets the needs of aircraft owners and operators who require reliability and versatility in the essential audio switching function. LED-illuminated push-button simplicity and intuitive panel layout allow audio selection of both NAV and COM audio. Large, single-button activation of the COM microphone and audio for two COM transceivers simplifies cockpit workload. Photocell dimming circuitry automatically adjusts the brightness of the annunciators to a level appropriate for ambient cockpit light. The brightness of the backlighting is controlled by the aircraft lighting bus. A fail-safe circuit connects the pilot's headset and microphone directly to COM1 and a fail-safe warning audio input in the event that power is interrupted or the unit is turned off. Additionally, the GMA 240 includes a four-position intercom (ICS) with electronic cabin noise deemphasis, two stereo music inputs, and independent pilot and copilot/passenger volume controls. To further simplify the cockpit workload, the intercom provides for pilot isolation. One hundred percent solid state circuitry and extensive use of surface mount technology are employed.



POH

Ed.1 Rev.0

In addition to those circuit breakers used for the standard Tecnam Astore package, the GMA 240 audio panel installation requires an additional breaker located in the position 22 as shown below:





POH

Ed.1 Rev.0

N°	Amps rating	description	N°	Amps rating	Description
1	25	Battery	15	AV.	Spare
2	25	Generator	16	10	12V Socket
3	7½	Instruments	17	AV.	Spare
4	5	Instr. Light	18	AV.	Spare
5	5	Bagg.Comp. Lt.	19	AV.	Spare
6	7½	Flap	20	AV.	Spare
7	3	Trim	21	AV.	Spare
8	AV.	Spare	22	5	Audio Panel
9	7½	Strobe Light	23	AV.	Spare
10	3	Nav Light	24	AV.	Spare
11	10	LND Light	25	AV.	Spare
12	AV.	Spare	26	AV.	Spare
13	AV.	Spare	27	AV.	Spare
14	AV.	Spare	28	AV.	Spare



POH

Ed.1 Rev.0

1.1. Supplement S6 - Garmin GTR200 COM

SUPPLEMENT S6 **GARMIN GTR200 COM**

WARNING

This supplement must be inserted into the POH if the equipment described is installed onboard

Revision n. **00**
Date: **02/18/2014**



POH

Ed.1 Rev.0

1.1.1. S6 - 1 - General

This Supplement shows the main features, characteristics and procedures to operate the Garmin GTR 200 VHF communications transceiver. The GTR 200 operates in the aviation voice band, from 118.000 to 136.975 MHz, in 25 kHz steps.

NOTE

Download the Pilot's Guide and read it carefully before start operating the Garmin GTR 200 on your Tecnam Astore. Latest revision of Garmin Pilot's Guide must be carried onboard.

1.1.2. S6 - 2 - Limitations

Garmin GTR 200 VHF COM employment does not affect the aircraft limitations.



1.1.3. S6 - 3 - Emergency procedures

Garmin GTR 200 VHF COM employment does not affect the aircraft emergency procedures.

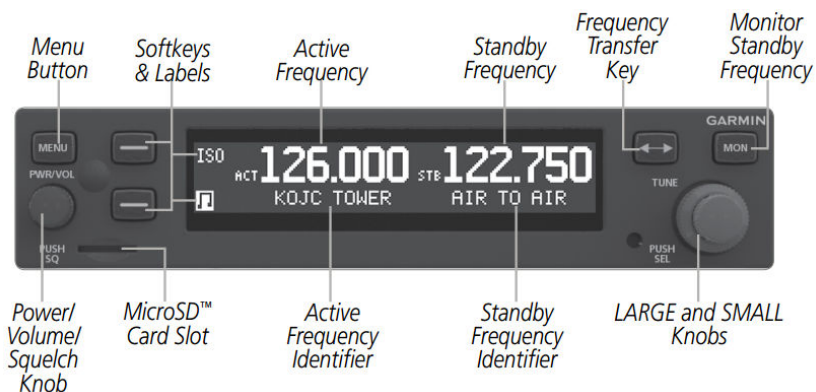
NOTE

Press and hold for about 3 seconds the Freq. Transfer key (red rounded in the picture below) to set the emergency 121.500MHz frequency.



1.1.4. S6 - 4 - Normal procedures

The basic functions, display and soft buttons functions are shown in the picture below:





The LH displayed frequency is the active one. Below it, the ICAO identifier code is displayed too if applicable;

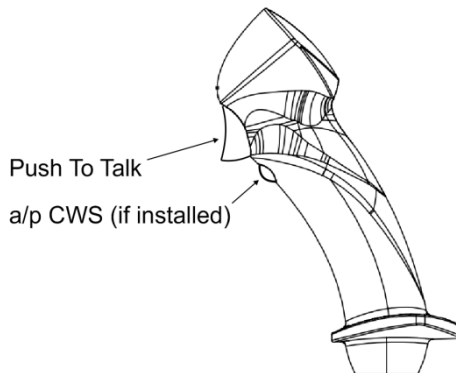
The RH displayed frequency is the standby one. Below it, the ICAO identifier code is displayed too if applicable;

The LH rotating knob allows to Power ON the equipment, increase and decrease the volume and, when radio is active, allows to toggle automatic squelch control ON/OFF simply pushing the knob.

The Frequency Transfer Key allows to switch between the active and standby frequency. Press and hold for approximately 3" and the emergency frequency will be the active one.

The Monitor Standby Frequency allows to listen also the standby frequency communications even if the transmission is only possible on the active one.

When the Garmin GTR 200 COM is installed, the Avionic Master switch power it. Also, the stick mounted pushbutton allows both pilot and co-pilot the PTT (Push To Talk) function.





NOTE

Download the Pilot's Guide and read it carefully before start operating the Garmin GTR 200 on your Tecnam Astore. Latest revision of Garmin Pilot's Guide must be carried onboard.

1.1.5. S6 - 5 - Performances

Garmin GTR 200 VHF COM employment does not affect the aircraft performances.

1.1.6. S6 - 6 - Weight and Balance

When installed, the Garmin GTR 200 COM VHF radio is composed by the following units/components (Arm in reference with the propeller flange without spacer:

Description	Weight [kg]	Arm [mt]	Moment
23 - COMMUNICATIONS			
Garmin GTR 200 unit and rack	0.97	1.32	1.28
Wiring	2.00	2.16	4.30
VHF antenna	0.10	2.54	0.25
TOTALS	3.07		5.83



POH

Ed.1 Rev.0

1.1.7. S6 - 7 - System description

The Garmin GTR 200 VHF COM is a communications transceiver. The GTR 200 operates in the aviation voice band, from 118.000 to 136.975 MHz, in 25 kHz steps. The Transmission power is 10Watt.

NOTE

An aircraft radio station license is not required when operating in U.S. airspace, but may be required when operating internationally.

NOTE

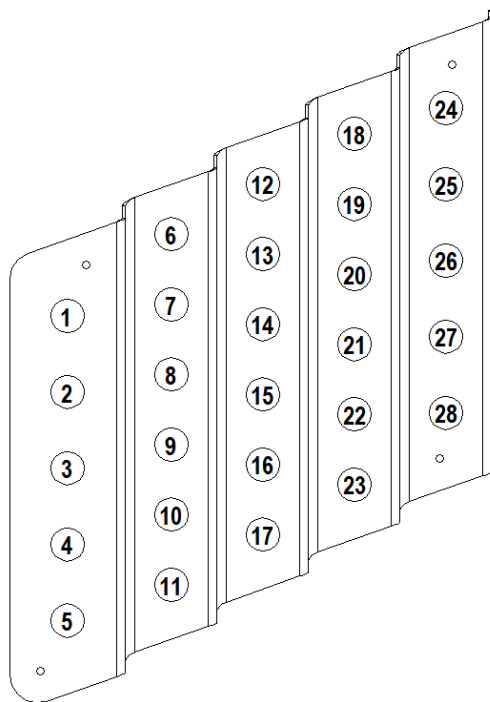
Download the Pilot's Guide and read it carefully before start operating (or cleaning) the Garmin GTR 200 on your Tecnam Astore. Latest revision of Garmin Pilot's Guide must be carried onboard.



POH

Ed.1 Rev.0

In addition to those circuit breakers used for the standard Tecnam Astore package, the GTR 200 audio panel installation requires an additional breaker located in the position 20 as shown below:





POH

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N°	Amps rating	description	N°	Amps rating	Description
1	25	Battery	15	AV.	Spare
2	25	Generator	16	10	12V Socket
3	7½	Instruments	17	AV.	Spare
4	5	Instr. Light	18	AV.	Spare
5	5	Bagg.Comp. Lt.	19	AV.	Spare
6	7½	Flap	20	10	COM 1
7	3	Trim	21	AV.	Spare
8	AV.	Spare	22	AV.	Spare
9	7½	Strobe Light	23	AV.	Spare
10	3	Nav Light	24	AV.	Spare
11	10	LND Light	25	AV.	Spare
12	AV.	Spare	26	AV.	Spare
13	AV.	Spare	27	AV.	Spare
14	AV.	Spare	28	AV.	Spare

1.1. Supplement S7 - Garmin AOA Probe

SUPPLEMENT S7

GARMIN GAP 26 AOA & PITOT PROBE

WARNING

This supplement must be inserted into the POH if the equipment described is installed onboard

Revision n. **00**
Date: **02/18/2014**



1.1.1. S7 - 1 - General

This Supplement shows the main features, characteristics and procedures to operate the Garmin GAP 26 heated pitot/AOA indicator probe. When operated, GAP 26 draws the following current from the aircraft electrical system:

Temperature	-40°C	0°C	50°C	100°C	175°C
Amps	12 A	9.25 A	7.3 A	5.85 A	4.36 A

The AOA function can be achieved only if the GSU25 unit is installed, that's why Tecnam Astore only install the SAP 26 probe when Garmin G3X avionics suite is onboard.

NOTE

Download the Pilot's Guide and read it carefully before start operating the Garmin AOA indicator on your Tecnam Astore. Latest revision of Garmin Pilot's Guide must be carried onboard.

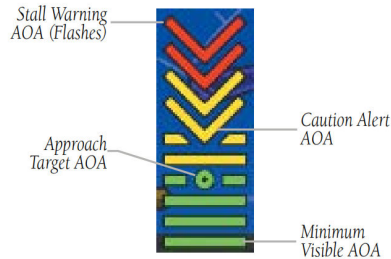
NOTE

Tecnam Flight Test dept. carry out the calibration of AOA. By the way, the correct calibration procedure is also reported in the Garmin Pilot's Guide.



POH

Ed.1 Rev.0



1.1.2. S7 - 2 - Limitations

The following limitation shall apply when the Tecnam Astore is equipped with Garmin GAP 26 probe, in addition to the standard POH Sect.2:

- 1) Avoid to heat the pitot probe when the engine rpm is below 4.000;

WARNING

Even if the GAP 26 heated pitot is installed
Flight into expected and/or known icing conditions is **prohibited**



1.1.3. S7 - 3 - Emergency procedures

The following emergency procedures shall apply when the Tecnam Astore is equipped with Garmin GAP 26 probe, in addition to the standard POH Sect.3:

1.1.3.1. Inadvertent ICING encounter

WARNING

Immediately get away from icing conditions considering a suitable path to return to the last non-icing area.

Carb Heat (if present)	ON
Pitot Heat Switch	ON
Pitot Heat (if present)	ON
Throttle	INCREASE
Cabin heat	ON
Landing	PERFORM with FLAPS 0°
Approach and touch down	INCREASED AIRSPEED NECESSARY

CAUTION

In case of ice formation on wing leading edge, stall speed may increase.



1.1.4. S7 - 4 - Normal procedures

The following normal procedures shall apply when the Tecnam Astore is equipped with Garmin GAP 26 probe, in addition to the standard POH Sect.4:

NOTE

Download the Pilot's Guide and read it carefully before start operating the Garmin AFCS on your Tecnam Astore. Latest revision of Garmin Pilot's Guide must be carried onboard.

- 1) Before take-off, with engine rpm=4.000, perform a functionality check of PITOT HEAT and check if there is a current draw from Amperometer;

1.1.5. S7 - 5 - Performances

Garmin AOA probe employment does not affect the aircraft performances.

1.1.6. S7 - 6 - Weight and Balance

When installed, the Garmin AOA probe is composed by the following units/components (Arm in reference with the propeller flange without spacer:

Description	Weight [kg]	Arm [mt]	Moment
34 - NAVIGATION			
Garmin GAP 26 pitot probe	0.20	1.83	0.37

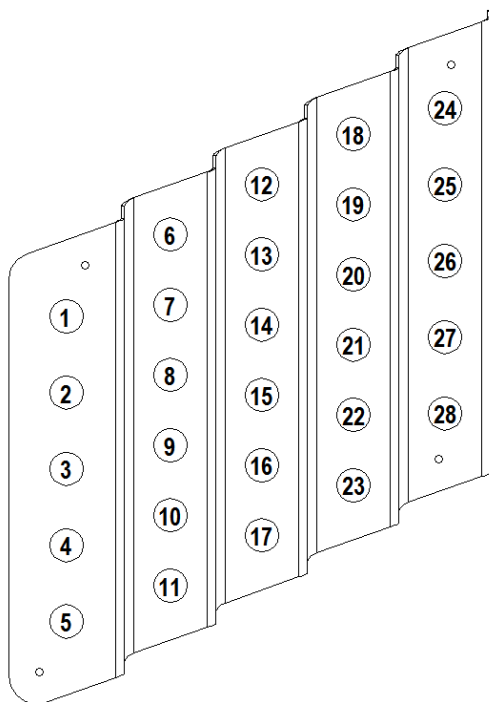


1.1.7. S7 - 7 - System description

The GAP 26 Pitot/AOA (Angle of Attack) probe is an air data probe intended for use in non FAA certified aircraft, including light sport and home-built aircraft. This air data probe is intended to be used as part of the G3X system. The function of the GAP 26 is to provide pitot and AOA pressures to the GSU 25 for the purpose of displaying airspeed and AOA to the pilot as part of the G3X system. The GAP 26 does not provide a static pressure source to the GSU 25, this continues to be provided by the aircraft standard static system. The version of the GAP 26 installed on Tecnam Astore is the -10 (heated, for ice protection).



In addition to those circuit breakers used for the standard Tecnam Astore package, the GAP 26 Heated pitot installation requires an additional breaker located in the position 8 as shown below. Note that, if the GAP 26 is used to show also the AOA, the G3X avionic suite is mandatory:





POH

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N°	Amps rating	description	N°	Amps rating	Description
1	25	Battery	15	AV.	Spare
2	25	Generator	16	10	12V Socket
3	7½	Instruments	17	AV.	Spare
4	5	Instr. Light	18	AV.	Spare
5	5	Bagg.Comp. Lt.	19	AV.	Spare
6	7½	Flap	20	AV.	Spare
7	3	Trim	21	AV.	Spare
8	20	Pitot Heat	22	AV.	Spare
9	7½	Strobe Light	23	AV.	Spare
10	3	Nav Light	24	AV.	Spare
11	10	LND Light	25	AV.	Spare
12	AV.	Spare	26	AV.	Spare
13	AV.	Spare	27	AV.	Spare
14	AV.	Spare	28	AV.	Spare



POH

Ed.1 Rev.0

1.1. Supplement S8 - ELT ME407

SUPPLEMENT S8

ARTEX ME406 ELT

Automatic Fixed Emergency Locator Transmitter

WARNING

This supplement must be inserted into the POH if the equipment described is installed onboard

Revision n. **00**

Date: **02/25/2014**



POH

Ed.1 Rev.0

1.1.1. S8 - 1 - General

This Supplement shows the main features, characteristics and procedures to operate the Artex ME406 ELT.

NOTE

Download the Operations Guide and read it carefully before start operating ME406 ELT on your Tecnam Astore.

The ME406 is a type AF (Automatic Fixed) beacon, which transmits on 121.5 and 406 MHz. The ME406 ELT is enclosed in an impact resistant plastic casing and mounts on a tray made of similar material. The product identification label on each ELT specifies the transmitting frequencies of the individual ELT. Allocation of frequencies, based on beacon population per specified frequency band, is controlled by COSPAS-SARSAT.

The ELT automatically activates during a crash and transmits the standard sweep tone on 121.5 MHz. Approximately every 50 seconds, for up to 520 milliseconds (long message protocol), the 406 MHz transmitter turns on. During that time, an encoded digital message is sent to the COSPAS-SARSAT Search and Rescue (SAR) satellite system.



The information contained in the message includes:

- Serial number assigned to the ELT by the beacon manufacturer or the national beacon registration authority;
- Aircraft identification or registration number;
- Country of registration and country code;

The 406 MHz transmitter will operate for 24 hours and then shuts down automatically. The 121.5 MHz transmitter will continue to operate until the batteries are exhausted, which is at least 50 hours.

The 406 MHz transmitter produces a much more accurate position, typically 3 kilometers as compared with 15 to 20 kilometers for 121.5 MHz transmitters.

The ELT transmits a digital message that allows search and rescue authorities to contact the owner/operator of the aircraft through information contained in a database. Information contained in the database include:

- Type of aircraft and aircraft registration number - Tecnam pre-loaded in the factory;
- Owner address and telephone number;
- Alternate emergency contact.

After the ELT is activated and the 406 MHz signal is detected by the SAR satellite system and a position is calculated, the 121.5 MHz transmissions are used to home in on the crash site.



POH

Ed.1 Rev.0

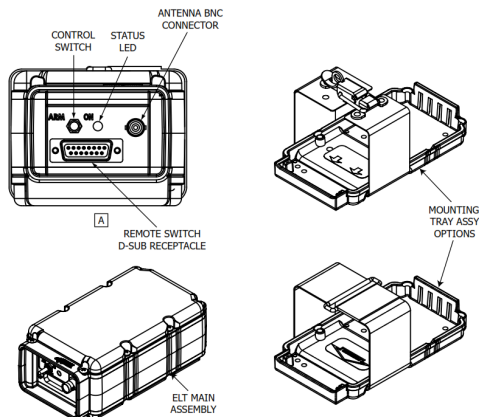
NOTE

Effective February 1, 2009, COSPAS-SARSAT has terminated satellite processing of distress signals from 121.5 MHz beacons.

Aircraft communications transceivers are not capable of receiving 406 MHz transmissions; therefore, the only methods of monitoring the ELT are:

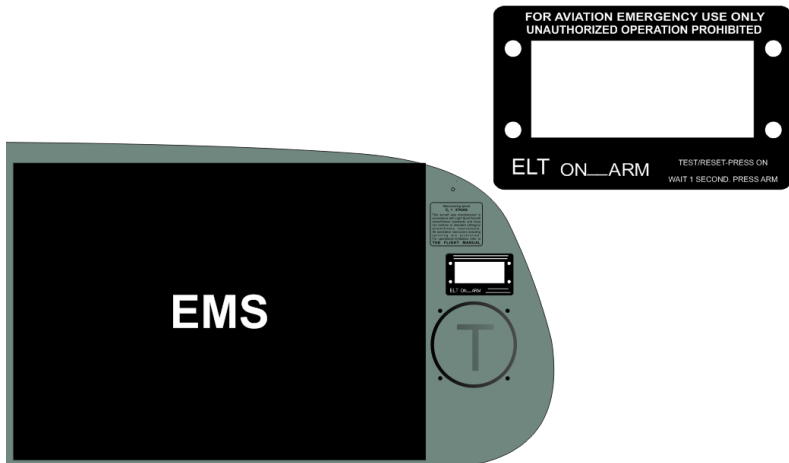
- The blinking cockpit remote switch LED;
- 121.5 MHz transmissions, which can be monitored using the aircraft communications transceiver or an AM radio tuned to 121.5 MHz

The ME406 Series ELT main assembly is housed in a high impact, fire resistant, polycarbonate plastic case and mounted in a tray made of similar material.





The cockpit-mounted remote switch assembly is comprised of an ELT status LED and control switch, and allows an operator to manually turn the ELT on (i.e., activate) for testing and reset (i.e., deactivate) the ELT.



NOTE

The ELT CANNOT be disarmed or disabled from the cockpit. Cockpit operation is limited to deactivating or manually activating the ELT.

When the ELT is activated, the presence of the emergency sweep tone and the flashing cockpit remote switch panel LED indicates an active, normal functioning ELT. The cockpit panel LED must immediately begin to flash continuously upon ELT activation.



POH

Ed.1 Rev.0

1.1.2. S8 - 2 - Limitations

ELT ME406 installation does not affect the aircraft limitations.

1.1.3. S8 - 3 - Emergency procedures

The following emergency procedures shall apply when the Tecnam Astore is equipped with ME406 ELT, in addition to the standard POH Sect.3:

NOTE

As long as the cockpit remote switch and the ELT local switch are in the ARM (off) positions respectively, the ELT will automatically activate on impact

1.1.3.1. Manual activation

CAUTION

The ELT may be manually activated by placing either the remote switch or the ELT local switch in the “ON” position



1.1.4. S8 - 4 - Normal procedures

The following normal procedures shall apply when the Tecnam Astore is equipped with ME406 ELT, in addition to the standard POH Sect.4:

NOTE

Download the Operations Guide and read it carefully before start operating ME406 ELT on your Tecnam Astore.

NORMAL SWITCH POSITION

The cockpit remote switch is in the “**ARM**” position

The local switch on the ELT is in the “**ARM**” position

1.1.5. S8 - 5 - Performances

ELT ME406 installation does not affect the aircraft performances.

1.1.6. S8 - 6 - Weight and Balance

When installed, the ELT ME406 is composed by the following units/components (Arm in reference with the propeller flange without spacer:

Description	Weight [kg]	Arm [mt]	Moment
25 - EQUIPMENT			
Artex ME406 ELT unit	1.00	2.28	2.28



POH

Ed.1 Rev.0

Supplement S9 – MT Variable Pitch Propeller

SUPPLEMENT S9 **VARIABLE PITCH PROPELLER**

WARNING

This supplement must be inserted into the POH if the equipment described is installed onboard

Revision n. **00**
Date: **04/12/2017**



POH

Ed.1 Rev.0

S9 - 1 - GENERAL

The following data represent supplementary information for safe and efficient operation of the aircraft if equipped with the MTV-33 Variable Pitch Propeller. For further details, see MT-Propeller Docs E-2285 (Propeller) and E-1048 (Governor).

Propeller Data

Manufacturer	MT Propeller
Model	MTV-33-1-A/175-200
Number of blades	2
Diameter	178 cm (no reduction permitted)
Type	Variable pitch

Governor Data

Manufacturer	MT Propeller
Model	P-850-12UL
Type	Hydraulic



POH

Ed.1 Rev.0

S9 - 2 – LIMITATIONS

No further limitations.



S9 - 3 - EMERGENCY PROCEDURES

S9-3.1 Differing Emergency Procedures

The following emergency checklist **replaces** that reported in the basic POH.

3.3.8 ENGINE FAILURE – IN FLIGHT RESTART

- | | |
|--------------------|--------------|
| 1. Airspeed | 71 KIAS |
| 2. Master switch | CHECK ON |
| 3. Throttle lever | ~75% |
| 4. Propeller lever | FULL FORWARD |
| 5. Fuel pump | ON |
| 6. Fuel selector | SWITCH TANK |
| 7. Carburetor heat | ON |
| 8. Key | START |

If restart is not successful, apply Forced Landing Checklist (3.3.9)



CAUTION

After engine restart, if practical, moderate propeller rpm to allow the temperatures for stabilizing in the green arcs.



S9-3.2 Additional Emergency Procedures

The following emergency checklists **are added** to those reported in the basic POH.

S9-3-1.1 PROPELLER OVERSPEEDING

- | | |
|--------------------|-----------------------------------|
| 1. Throttle Lever | REDUCE power to minimum practical |
| 2. Propeller Lever | REDUCE as practical |
| 3. RPM indicator | CHECK |



CAUTION

Maximum propeller rpm exceedance may cause the engine components damage. Propeller and engine shall be inspected in accordance with related Operators Manuals.

If it is not possible to decrease propeller RPM, land as soon as possible.

S9-3-1.2 DEFECTIVE PROPELLER LEVER CABLE

If power is sufficient to continue flight:

1. Approach nearest airfield, control engine power with throttle
2. Perform normal landing.



WARNING

Go-around may then be impossible.

If power is not sufficient to continue flight, apply Forced Landing Checklist (3.3.9).



POH

Ed.1 Rev.0

S9 - 4 - NORMAL PROCEDURES

S9-4.1 External Inspections

Perform checks on propeller and spinner as per MT-Propeller Doc. E-124, Section 6.



S9-4.2 Differing Normal Procedures

The following checklists **replace** those reported in the basic POH.

4.3.2 ENGINE START

1	Throttle	IDLE
2	Propeller lever	FULL FORWARD
3	Choke	IF NECESSARY
4	Fuel selector	SELECT TANK
5	Electric fuel pump	ON
6	Strobe lights	ON
7	Propeller disc and area	CLEAR
8	Ignition key	BOTH
9	Ignition key	START
10	Oil Press	CHECK rise within 10"
11	Generator switch	ON
12	AUX Gen switch (if installed)	ON
13	Voltmeter	CHECK within limits
14	Engine instruments	CHECK within limits
15	Choke	OFF
16	Engine rpm	Set 2.400-2.900
17	Fuel Press	CHECK within limits

WARNING If oil pressure doesn't rise within 10 seconds, shut down engine.
The maximum oil pressure for cold conditions is 7 bar.



4.3.5 BEFORE TAKEOFF

1	Oil temperature	50 ÷ 130° C	120 ÷ 266° F
2	Oil pressure	2.0 ÷ 5.0 bar	29 ÷ 73 psi
3	Fuel pressure	Airbox Pres.+ (0.15 ÷ 0.35 bar)	2.18 ÷ 5.08 psi
4	Max CHT	135° C	275° F
5	Fuel valve	SELECT TANK	
6	Propeller lever	FULL FORWARD	
7	Throttle	SET 5800 (1650) RPM	
8	Ignition circuit	Set L / R / BOTH	
	Check:	<ul style="list-style-type: none">▪ RPM drop with a single ignition circuit must not exceed 300 (130)▪ maximum RPM difference between L and R cannot overcome 115 (50).	
9	Propeller lever	Maximum to minimum travel for three times.	
	Check:	<ul style="list-style-type: none">▪ MAP increasing▪ RPM decreasing▪ oil pressure surge▪ 5800 (1650) RPM restored with prop lever at full forward position.	
10	Flap	SET T/O	
11	Elevator Trim	CHECK to GREEN MARK	
12	Flight controls	CHECK FREEDOM	
13	Safety belts	CHECK FASTENED	
14	Canopy locks	CHECK	



4.3.6 TAKEOFF and CLIMB

1	Parking brake	OFF
2	Choke	CHECK OFF
3	Runway	ALIGNED
4	Toe Brakes	ACTIVATE
5	Throttle	FULL (Throttle 115% bypass the throttle lever detent - Max. MAP 39.0 in.HG)
6	Engine parameters	CHECK WITHIN LIMITS
7	Toe Brakes	RELEASE
8	Rotation speed	$V_R = 39\text{KIAS}$
9	Climb	ESTABLISH
	$V_x = 59\text{KIAS}$	
	$V_y = 67\text{KIAS}$	
10	Fuel pressure	CHECK (min Airbox Pres. + 0.15bar/2.18psi)
11	Throttle	Reduce MAP as required
12	Propeller lever	REDUCE to 5.500 (2250) rpm or below
13	NAV Lights	ON
14	Electric fuel pump	OFF



CAUTION

*Maximum take off power must be limited to 5 minutes.
Reduce Throttles MAP power before retracting Propeller
lever to 2250 RPM or below.*



4.3.7 CRUISE

1	Throttle	BELOW (Max. MAP 35.0 in.HG)	
2	Propeller lever	Set to 4600 – 5500 (1900-2250) RPM	
3	Oil temperature	90 ÷ 110°C	194 ÷ 230F
4	Oil pressure	2.0 ÷ 5.0bar	29 ÷ 73psi
5	Fuel pressure	Airbox Pres.+ (0.15 ÷ 0.35 bar)	2.18 ÷ 5.08 psi
6	Max CHT	135°C	275F
7	Fuel level	MONITOR	



CAUTION

MAP reduction should be performed before propeller lever retraction.

Conversely, RPM increase should be set before throttle lever is advanced.



4.3.8 Before LANDING

1	Electric fuel pump	CHECK ON
2	Fuel valve	SELECT FULLEST TANK
3	Landing light	ON
4	Flaps (on downwind leg)	T/O
5	Downwind speed	65 KIAS
6	Base leg speed	60 KIAS
7	Propeller lever	FULL FORWARD
8	Flaps (on final)	LAND
9	Final speed	55 KIAS
10	Touchdown speed	41 KIAS
11	Brakes	AS NECESSARY



POH

Ed.1 Rev.0

S9 - 5 – PERFORMANCES

The following paragraphs **replace** those reported in Section 5 of the basic POH.



POH

Ed.1 Rev.0

S9-5.6 Takeoff distances

Weight = 599kg/1320lb						
Flaps: T/O		Corrections				
Speed at Lift-Off = 39 KIAS		Headwind: - 5m for each kt (16 ft/kt)				
Speed Over 50ft Obst. = 59 KIAS		Tailwind: + 15m for each kt (49 ft/kt)				
Throttle Levers: Full Fwd		Paved Runway: - 10% to Ground Roll				
Runway: Grass		Runway slope: + 7% to Ground Roll for each +1%				
Pressure Altitude [ft]		Distance [m]				
		Temperature [°C]				ISA
		-25	0	25	50	
S.L.	Ground Roll	83	81	84	83	82
	At 50 ft AGL	291	304	343	375	317
1000	Ground Roll	90	90	94	92	93
	At 50 ft AGL	315	334	374	409	355
2000	Ground Roll	98	97	100	98	100
	At 50 ft AGL	341	361	404	440	381
3000	Ground Roll	106	105	108	104	108
	At 50 ft AGL	368	391	436	472	410
4000	Ground Roll	114	113	115	109	116
	At 50 ft AGL	398	420	467	504	438
5000	Ground Roll	124	121	122	115	124
	At 50 ft AGL	430	454	501	539	468
6000	Ground Roll	134	130	130	121	133
	At 50 ft AGL	465	489	539	575	501
7000	Ground Roll	145	141	139	127	145
	At 50 ft AGL	504	528	579	615	538
8000	Ground Roll	174	151	148	132	155
	At 50 ft AGL	598	570	623	658	577
10000	Ground Roll	83	185	186	172	186
	At 50 ft AGL	291	680	747	796	699



POH

Ed.1 Rev.0

Weight = 550kg/1210lb

Flaps: T/O

Speed at Lift-Off = 39 KIAS

Speed Over 50ft Obst. = 59 KIAS

Throttle Levers: Full Fwd

Runway: Grass

Corrections

Headwind: - 5m for each kt (16 ft/kt)

Tailwind: + 15m for each kt (49 ft/kt)

Paved Runway: - 10% to Ground Roll

Runway slope: + 7% to Ground Roll for each +1%

Pressure Altitude [ft]		Distance [m]				
		Temperature [°C]				ISA
		-25	0	25	50	
S.L.	Ground Roll	61	67	72	73	73
	At 50 ft AGL	218	253	286	319	319
1000	Ground Roll	68	75	79	81	81
	At 50 ft AGL	239	278	313	347	347
2000	Ground Roll	75	82	87	87	87
	At 50 ft AGL	259	299	339	374	374
3000	Ground Roll	80	89	92	93	93
	At 50 ft AGL	281	324	365	401	401
4000	Ground Roll	88	95	98	98	98
	At 50 ft AGL	302	351	393	430	430
5000	Ground Roll	94	102	107	104	104
	At 50 ft AGL	328	377	422	461	461
6000	Ground Roll	102	110	113	110	110
	At 50 ft AGL	355	407	455	494	494
7000	Ground Roll	110	119	121	116	116
	At 50 ft AGL	383	440	490	529	529
8000	Ground Roll	119	128	130	122	122
	At 50 ft AGL	416	476	528	568	568
10000	Ground Roll	145	156	161	157	157
	At 50 ft AGL	495	567	632	685	685



POH

Ed.1 Rev.0

Weight = 500kg/1100lb

Flaps: T/O

Speed at Lift-Off = 39 KIAS

Speed Over 50ft Obst. = 59 KIAS

Throttle Levers: Full Fwd

Runway: Grass

Corrections

Headwind: - 5m for each kt (16 ft/kt)

Tailwind: + 15m for each kt (49 ft/kt)

Paved Runway: - 10% to Ground Roll

Runway slope: + 7% to Ground Roll for each +1%

Pressure Altitude [ft]		Distance [m]				
		Temperature [°C]				ISA
		-25	0	25	50	
S.L.	Ground Roll	49	55	58	59	57
	At 50 ft AGL	176	204	233	258	216
1000	Ground Roll	54	61	65	66	63
	At 50 ft AGL	192	224	254	282	239
2000	Ground Roll	60	65	69	70	68
	At 50 ft AGL	209	242	275	304	257
3000	Ground Roll	64	71	75	76	73
	At 50 ft AGL	226	262	295	327	276
4000	Ground Roll	70	76	80	80	78
	At 50 ft AGL	243	283	319	349	314
5000	Ground Roll	75	81	85	85	84
	At 50 ft AGL	264	305	342	374	316
6000	Ground Roll	81	87	91	89	90
	At 50 ft AGL	286	329	369	402	338
7000	Ground Roll	88	95	97	95	97
	At 50 ft AGL	310	357	398	431	363
8000	Ground Roll	96	102	104	100	105
	At 50 ft AGL	336	385	428	462	389
10000	Ground Roll	116	125	130	128	125
	At 50 ft AGL	400	459	514	559	461



POH

Ed.1 Rev.0

S9-5.8 Balked landing

Throttle Levers: Full Forward						
Flaps: LAND						
Speed: 42 KIAS						
Weight [kg/lb]	Pressure Altitude [ft]	Angle of Climb [deg]				
		Temperature [°C]				ISA
		-25	0	25	50	
599 kg 1320 lb	S.L.	13,1	11,4	9,9	8,6	10,5
	2000	12	10,4	8,9	7,6	9,7
	4000	10,8	9,2	7,8	6,5	8,8
	6000	9,8	8,2	6,8	5,5	8
	8000	8,7	7,1	5,7	4,5	7,2
	10000	7,5	6	4,6	3,4	6,3
	14000	5,3	3,9	2,5	1,3	4,6
549 kg 1210 lb	S.L.	14,8	13	11,3	9,8	12
	2000	13,6	11,8	10,2	8,7	11,1
	4000	12,3	10,5	9	7,5	10,1
	6000	11,1	9,4	7,8	6,4	9,2
	8000	9,9	8,2	6,7	5,3	8,3
	10000	8,7	7	5,5	4,1	7,3
	14000	6,2	4,6	3,1	1,8	5,4
499 kg 1100 lb	S.L.	16,8	14,8	13	11,3	13,7
	2000	15,5	13,5	11,7	10,1	12,7
	4000	14	12,1	10,3	8,7	11,6
	6000	12,7	10,8	9,1	7,5	10,6
	8000	11,4	9,5	7,8	6,3	9,5
	10000	10	8,1	6,4	4,9	8,4
	14000	7,2	5,4	3,8	2,4	6,3



POH

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S9-5.9 En-route Rate of Climb

Throttle Levers: Full Forward Flaps: UP							
Weight [kg/lb]	Pressure Altitude [ft]	Climb Speed V _Y [KIAS]	Rate of Climb [ft/min]				
			Temperature [°C]				ISA
			-25	0	25	50	
599 kg 1320 lb	S.L.	69	1343	1254	1174	1102	1205
	2000	67	1275	1187	1109	1039	1152
	4000	65	1228	1141	1064	994	1118
	6000	64	1160	1075	998	931	1065
	8000	62	1094	1010	935	867	1013
	10000	60	1026	943	871	804	958
	12000	59	959	878	807	741	906
	14000	57	892	813	743	680	852
550 kg 1210 lb	S.L.	68	1499	1412	1335	1265	1365
	2000	67	1432	1348	1272	1204	1313
	4000	65	1387	1305	1230	1163	1282
	6000	64	1262	1183	1111	1045	1184
	8000	63	1138	1061	992	929	1085
	10000	61	1014	940	873	812	987
	12000	59	891	819	755	696	889
	14000	59	768	699	637	580	790
500 kg 1100 lb	S.L.	68	1816	1715	1625	1543	1637
	2000	67	1681	1584	1496	1417	1532
	4000	66	1567	1472	1387	1310	1446
	6000	64	1433	1341	1259	1184	1341
	8000	62	1299	1211	1131	1059	1235
	10000	62	1166	1081	1004	934	1130
	12000	60	1033	951	877	809	1024
	14000	58	901	822	750	685	919



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S9-5.10 Cruise Performance



CAUTION *Engine speed over 5500 RPM is restricted to 5min.*

DATA COMPUTED - DEDUCTION OF RESERVE IS UNDER PILOT'S RESPONSIBILITY

Weight = 599 kg								
CORRECTIONS								
			MAP	KTAS	Fuel Cons.	Endurance	Range	Specific Range
For each +15°C of OAT			-	-2%	-2.50%	2%	1%	1%
For each -15°C of OAT			-	1%	3%	-4%	-2%	-1%
For -100kg (45lb) of weight			-	3.30%	-	-	3%	4%
CRUISE PERFORMANCE								
Press. Alt	OAT ISA	Engine Speed	MAP	KTAS	Fuel Cons.	End.	Range	Specific Range
[ft]	[deg C]	[rpm]	[in.Hg]	[Kts]	[Gal/hr]	[hr:mm]	[nm]	[nm/Gal]
0	15	5800	39	130	9.4	3:04	394	13.7
		5500	35	122	8.1	3:34	435	15.1
		5300	33	120	7.3	3:58	468	16.2
		5100	31	116	6.5	4:25	504	17.5
		4800	29	110	5.5	5:14	565	19.6
		4600	28.5	106	4.9	5:54	612	21.3
		4400	28	102	4.3	6:38	662	23
2000	11	5800	39	131	8.9	3:13	414	14.4
		5500	35	125	7.7	3:45	459	15.9
		5300	33	120	6.9	4:09	492	17.1
		5100	31	116	6.2	4:38	530	18.4



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		4800	29	110	5.3	5:29	593	20.6
		4600	28.5	106	4.7	6:09	641	22.2
		4400	28	102	4.2	6:53	690	23.9
4000	7	5800	39	131	8.5	3:23	437	15.2
		5500	35	125	7.3	3:56	483	16.8
		5300	33	121	6.6	4:22	518	18
		5100	31	117	5.9	4:51	556	19.3
		4800	29	111	5	5:44	622	21.6
		4600	28.5	106	4.5	6:24	669	23.2
		4400	28	102	4	7:08	717	24.9
6000	3	5800	39	131	8.1	3:34	460	16
		5500	35	125	7	4:08	509	17.7
		5300	33	121	6.3	4:34	545	18.9
		5100	31	117	5.7	5:05	584	20.3
		4800	29	111	4.8	5:59	651	22.6
		4600	28.5	107	4.3	6:39	698	24.2
		4400	28	103	3.9	7:23	743	25.8
8000	-1	5800	39	132	7.7	3:45	485	16.8
		5500	35	126	6.6	4:20	535	18.6
		5300	33	121	6	4:48	572	19.9
		5100	31	117	5.4	5:19	613	21.3
		4800	29	111	4.6	6:14	680	23.6
		4600	28.5	107	4.2	6:54	726	25.2
		4400	28	103	3.8	7:36	768	26.7
10000	-5	5800	39	132	7.3	3:56	511	17.8
		5500	35	126	6.3	4:33	563	19.5
		5300	33	122	5.7	5:01	601	20.9
		5100	31	118	5.2	5:33	643	22.3
		4800	29	112	4.5	6:28	709	24.6
		4600	28.5	108	4	7:08	752	26.1
		4400	28	103	3.7	7:47	790	27.4



POH

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S9 - 6 - WEIGHT AND BALANCE

Substitute the following items in the Change of equipment RECORD (POH, Section 6).

ITEM	Description	Standard Optional Mandatory*	Weight [kg]	Arm [mt]
	61 - PROPELLER			
	MT-Propeller MTV-33-1-A /175-200	O	6.5	-0.12
	MT-Propeller Governor P-850-12UL	O	1	+0.40
	Spinner plate	ΔW negligible with respect to similar items previously installed.		
	Spacer			
	Spinner			



POH

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S9 - 7 - SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

For a detailed description of the system, see MT-Propeller Docs E-2285 (Propeller) and E-1048 (Governor).

10. Section No. 10 - Marking and Placards

This section describes the placards and marking provided with the Tecnam Astore aircraft.

10.1. External marking

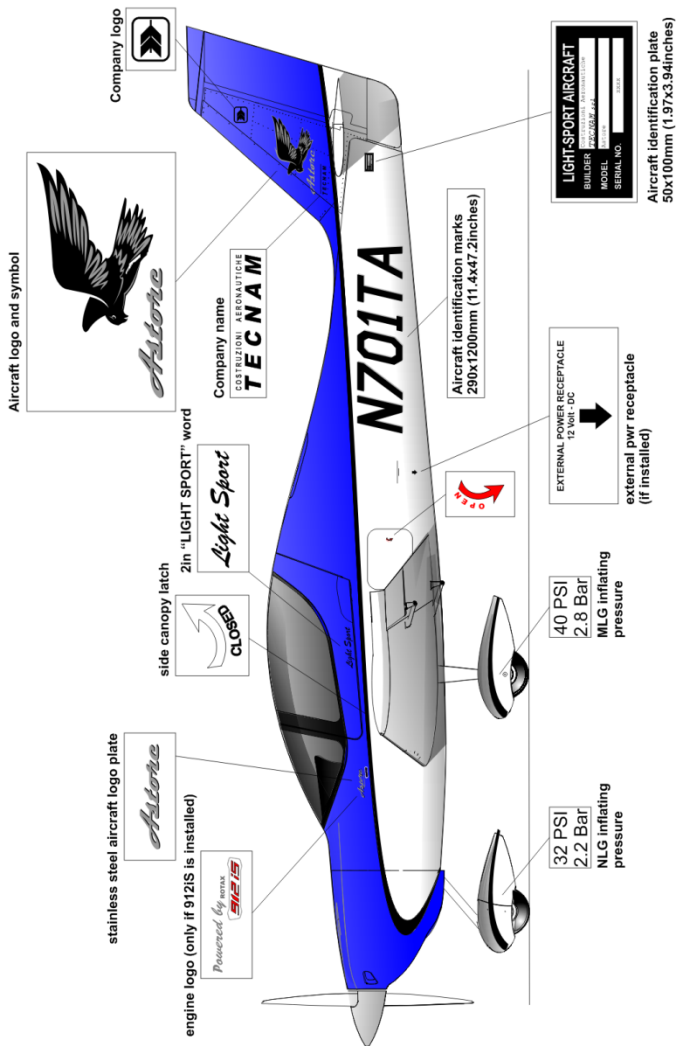
The following pictures show the external marking and placards. Refer to the relevant supplement if different equipment require additional markings (i.e. parachute system).

Also, a table indicates and describes all the marking dimensions and function.



POH

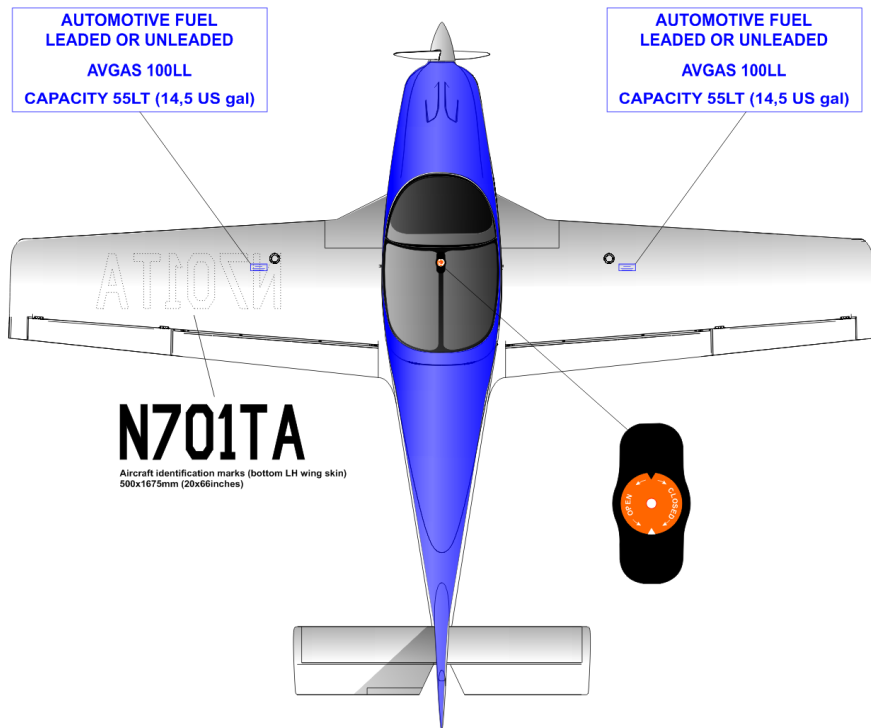
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POH

Ed.1 Rev.0





POH


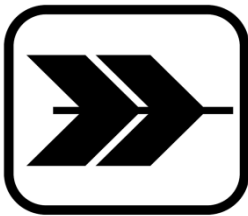


Ed.1 Rev.0

<div data-bbox="236 295 449 440" data-label="Text"> <p>32 PSI 2.2 Bar</p> </div>	<p>Nose Gear inflating pressure</p>	<p>17x12mm</p>
<div data-bbox="236 459 449 604" data-label="Text"> <p>40 PSI 2.8 Bar</p> </div>	<p>Main Gear inflating pressure</p>	<p>17x12mm</p>
<p><i>Light Sport</i></p>	<p>"LIGHT SPORT"</p>	<p>55x250mm</p>
<p><i>Astone</i></p>	<p>Aircraft logo</p>	<p>146x25mm</p>
<p>Powered by <small>ROTAX</small> 912iS</p>	<p>Engine logo (only with 912iS)</p>	<p>96x26mm</p>
<p>EXTERNAL POWER RECEPTACLE 12 Volt - DC</p> <div data-bbox="311 951 370 1027" data-label="Image"> </div>	<p>External power receptacle (only if installed)</p>	<p>107x40mm</p>
<div data-bbox="294 1038 385 1193" data-label="Image"> </div>	<p>Baggage compartment key placard</p>	<p>25x35mm</p>



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	Aircraft logo (fin sticker)	395x220mm
	Company logo	120x100mm
<p>COSTRUZIONI AERONAUTICHE TECNAM</p>	Company name	160x30mm
	Aircraft identification plate (stainless steel)	100x50mm
<p>N701TA</p>	Aircraft marks	1200x290mm
	Canopy opening	90x190mm

AUTOMOTIVE FUEL LEADED OR UNLEADED AVGAS 100LL CAPACITY 55LT (14,5 US gal)	Fuel tank capacity	100x40mm
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POH

Ed.1 Rev.0

10.2. Internal marking and placards - 914UL2

The following images show the internal placard and markings. The internal marking and placards may vary from the different versions and equipment. The following refer to the 914UL2 Series engine installation.

NOTE






most of the switches are marked on their body. In the placards table each one is shown with the related function





POH

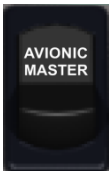
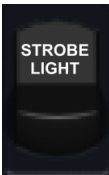



Ed.1 Rev.0

1		<p>"NO SMOKING"</p> <p>"NO INTENTIONAL SPIN" placards</p>
2		<p>ELT remote switch placard</p>
3		<p>Maneuvering speed</p> <p>Passenger warning</p>
4		<p>Flap Switch</p>
5		<p>Cabin heat knob</p>



POH

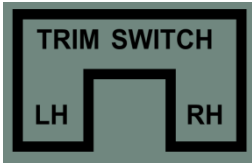



Ed.1 Rev.0

6		Avionic Master switch
7		Strobe Light Switch
8		Landing Light Switch
9		Navigation Lights Switch
10		Intercom switch



POH



Ed.1 Rev.0

11		Trim selector switch
12		Ignition key marking
13		Master Generator switches
14		Fuel pump switch



POH

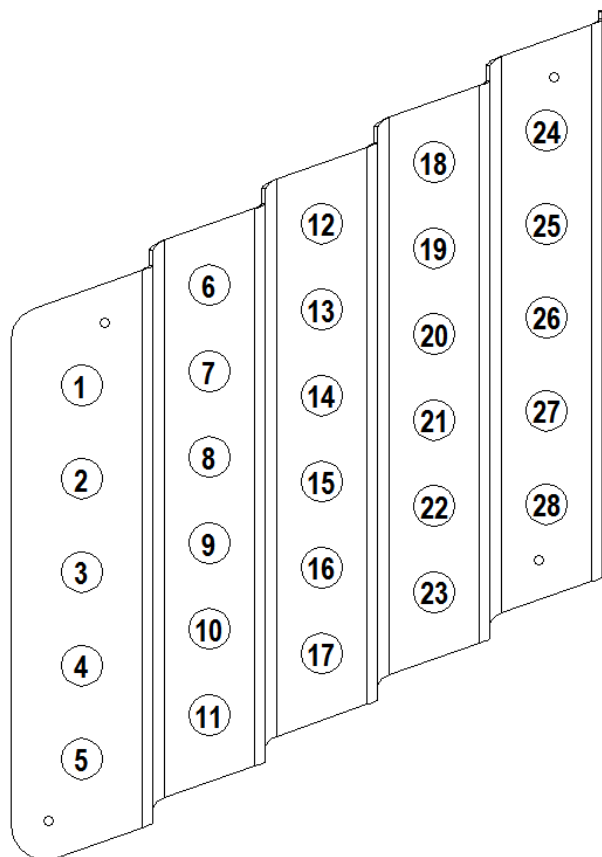
Ed.1 Rev.0

15		Aux generator switch (if installed)
16		Annunciator Panel Lights (From LH to RH: TCU Caution Light, TCU BOOST Warning Light, Fuel Pump ON Advisory Light, ALT OUT Caution Light)



10.3. Breakers Panel Marking

The following images and table show the circuit-breaker panel marking with the related value and function. The sequence assigned is following shown:





POH

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Note that the following table only show the breakers used for the 914UL2 configuration, refer to the relevant POH Supplement to know more about the additional equipment breaker position and value.

N°	Amps rating	description	N°	Amps rating	Description
1	35	Battery	16	10	12V Socket
2	5	Start	17	5	Fuel Pump
3	7.5	Instr.	18	5	MFD
4	5	Instr. Light	19	2	ADAHRS 2
5	2	T.C.U.	20	10	COM 1
6	7.5	Flap	21	3	ADSB
7	3	Trim	22	5	Audio Panel
8	20	Pitot	23	5	XPDR
9	7.5	Strobe Light	24	5	B.C. Light
10	3	Nav Light	25	5	AUX. Pump
11	10	Landing Light	26	1	Stall
12	5	PFD	27	AV.	Spare
13	2	ADAHRS 1	28	AV.	Spare
14	2	EIS			
15	5	A/P			



POH

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10.4. **Baggage compartment placard**

As per Section No. 2, the baggage compartment is allowed for a maximum load of 77lb/35kg. This load is what Tecnam used to demonstrate the crash loads strength of cargo net and related hooks. The placard dimensions are 100x50mm.

**MAXIMUM ALLOWED
BAGGAGE WEIGHT**

77 lb - **35** kg

FASTEN USING CARGO NET

WARNING

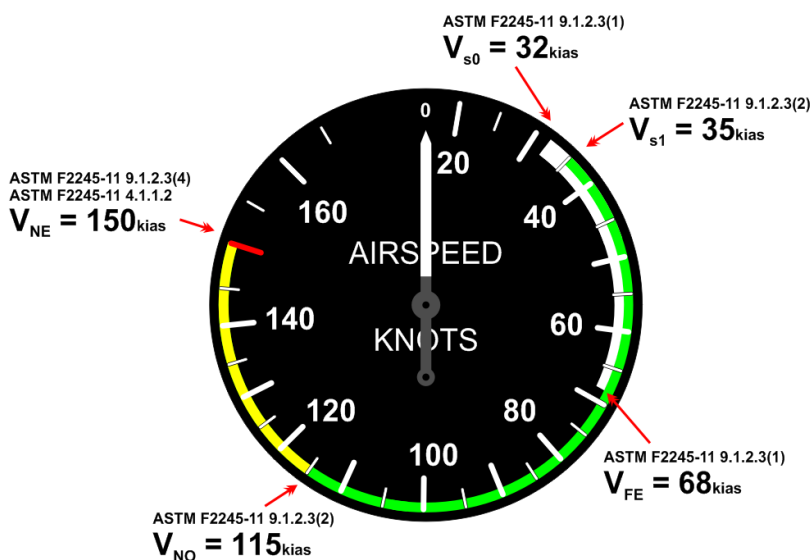
It is pilot's responsibility to always check that the aircraft is properly balanced before going in-flight.



10.5. Airspeed Indicator markings

This paragraph show the ASI markings and dials. Refer to the Section No.2 - Limitations to be fully aware of all the instruments limits.

The Tecnam Astore is always provided by an analogue Airspeed Indicator, with an internal dial and markings according the ASTM F2245. The ASI dial is shown in the following picture:



The ASI markings are in IAS, refer to the Section No.2 - Limitations, for all the corresponding CAS speeds.



10.6. Engine cowling placards

The following placards are stucked inside the engine compartment:

1	80% ANTIFREEZE + 20% WATER	Coolant ratio
2	AUTOMOTIVE OIL APL "SF" OR "SG"	Oil specs placard (on the oil tank side)
3	SPECIFY HYDRAULIC OIL MIL H5606	Brake system oil (on the brake system tank)